

# IMPACT 2030

## Financial Sustainability

*Mr. Neal Stenzel*



# **Best Practices in Managing the Academic Program Portfolio for Financial Sustainability**

## **Background**

At the March 29, 2018 University Planning Council (UPC) meeting, Neal Stenzel was asked by the President to chair a newly formed committee to address the University's financial sustainability. The objectives of the committee provided by the UPC are as follows:

- a. How do we measure every program in terms of profit?
- b. How do we utilize incentives to move toward a profit-driven "non-profit?"
- c. How do we free ourselves of obsessive and overbearing regulations?
- d. How should we brand our colleges to maximize profitability?
- e. How can we help our students fund their education?
- f. How can we implement an entrepreneurial culture into our university?
- g. How do we use an investor model to fund our programs? Investors vs. donors

## **Committee Members and Process**

The Committee met on 6 occasions over the past 6 months. The personnel recruited to serve on the Financial Sustainability Committee were as follows:

Mr. Terry Unruh, Chair and Asst. Professor, College of Business

Dr. James Russell, Professor, College of Business

Dr. Bill Elliott, Assistant Professor, College of Business

Mr. Mark Pepin, Director of Administrative Affairs

Mr. Neal Stenzel, CFO

## Work to Date

First, the committee prioritized the objectives and determined how to address them. To meet the objectives, the committee agreed that the University would need to measure contribution margin (direct revenue less direct expenses) for each critical operation. For this initial analysis we excluded non-cash and indirect costs (e.g. depreciation and utilities), because they would add complexity and subjective allocations.

Currently, the University measures the profitability of some key operations including TV, Cityplex and to a lesser extent, online education. The goal was to expand this successful margin analysis to selected University operations. We discussed measuring operating units such as our certificate programs, study abroad and Mabee center events; however, the committee felt these did not represent ORU's core purpose: education.

As a result, the committee decided to spend the majority of our effort on the first and most important of our stated objectives: "How do we measure every program in terms of profit?". Once we learn to calculate program contribution margins, we will be able to address the committee's remaining objectives.

In the first effort to calculate program contribution margins, we assigned cost and revenue using two methods: per credit hour and by student according to their major. Essentially, the allocation of revenue by major benefitted many of the colleges to the detriment of the College of Arts and Cultural Studies and to some extent, Theology. While the data was directionally accurate, it was not specific enough to support program decisions.

As a next step, the committee was asked to develop the following white paper. It describes an approach that would develop and include appropriate market and financial data in a collaborative program review process.

## Education Sector Background

After decades of growth, college enrollment started a slow decline after 2010.<sup>1</sup> Very large online institutions have carved hundreds of thousands of students out of campus-based colleges. Price has become a greater concern for college-bound families, so the traditional inflation plus 2-3% tuition increase may no longer be viable. At the same time, college costs continue to rise. This confluence of events has bankrupted several small colleges and stressed many others. Given this context, higher-education institutions are taking a hard look at their portfolio of academic programs to see if they appropriately balance Mission, Academic standards, market requirements, and Margins (MAMM).

There is some evidence that program portfolios, like most Americans, are overweight. Currently, 48% of higher education programs generate 8% of graduates and have less than 10 graduates per program per year. Nonetheless, the number of academic programs continues to increase, spreading a shrinking student population ever more thinly across the university.<sup>2</sup>

Gradual growth of the academic program portfolio can pose a challenge to the mission and finances of a university. It may force small, but mission-critical programs to compete for funding with non-critical, money-losing programs. The increase in cost to teach all the programs may drive up prices, while draining scarce resources. These pressures have led many institutions – including Oral Roberts University – to focus on the sustainability of each of their academic programs and of the academic program portfolio as a whole.

Traditional academic program reviews have emphasized assessment against institutional mission and academic standards. In Gray Associates' and Bill Massey's<sup>3</sup> recent work<sup>4</sup>, they have identified four broad categories to consider when evaluating program sustainability: "mission, academics, markets, and margins".

- **Mission:** Academic programs should further the university's mission, including its intended students, fields of study, faculty, and belief system.

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<sup>1</sup> IPEDS data. New first-time post-secondary students peaked at 3.4 million in Fall 2009 and then steadily declined to 3.0 million in Fall 2016.

<sup>2</sup> Gray's database of new-program announcements since January 2016 includes over 400 new health program announcements, over 300 business programs, over 150 education programs, more than 100 computer-related programs, and more than 100 engineering programs, plus a range of others.

<sup>3</sup> William Massey is the former Vice Provost and Vice President for Business and Finance of Stanford University and author of the book, "Reengineering the University" (John Hopkins University Press, 2016). Bill works with Gray Associates on program economics and program portfolio strategy.

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- **Academics:** Programs should have the students, faculty, instructional quality, and facilities required to fulfill their educational commitments.
- **Markets:** Institutions should consider student demand, competitive intensity, and employer demand as they make program decisions to ensure that programs have healthy enrollment and lead to rewarding careers for their graduates.
- **Margins:** Universities should understand the financial contribution of each of their academic programs. This understanding should be used to fund and assert the mission and academic standards. For example, large, high-contribution programs could fund mission-critical programs that may have small markets, low enrollment, and potentially financial losses.

## Program Markets

For better or worse, markets often drive the margins for academic programs. At a minimum they influence the number of students likely to enroll in a program. Three main factors influence the attractiveness of program markets:

- **Student demand:** What markets do we serve? In these markets, how many students are interested in each program? What specific aspects of each program are likely to pique their interest?
- **Competitive intensity:** How many other institutions offer a program like this? Is the program effectively differentiated? Is the market saturated? Can the institution compete and attract a fair share of students?
- **Job opportunities:** Are graduates of the program likely to be able to continue their education or find good jobs – both initial jobs and fulfilling careers? Do the likely jobs pay good wages?

Analyzing these factors for every potential program takes an enormous amount of data, systems resources, and time. There are over 1,400 standard programs offered in the United States. Many of these are offered at several degree levels – Associate’s, Bachelor’s, Master’s, Doctoral, and non-degree.<sup>5</sup> Therefore, an institution needs to collect data for thousands of potential programs.

Each of the market factors varies geographically. The students, jobs, and competitors in Tulsa are not the same in Albany; as a result, the most appealing programs vary by market. Many institutions need to evaluate several geographic markets, for example: near campus for on-ground programs, a broader radius for online undergraduate programs, and perhaps a national radius for online graduate programs.

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<sup>5</sup> Gray analysis of IPEDS data. For 2017, there were 5,810 combinations of CIP (program) and degree level with at least one graduate in the United States. There were 1,429 CIPs (programs) with at least one graduate at any level in 2010-17.

In addition, each of these categories of information should have several independent indicators, since any single indicator will have significant limitations. For example, employment estimates from the Bureau of Labor Statistics are comprehensive and reliable, but 85% of their forecasts are off by 50% or more. Fortunately, BLS data can be cross-checked against job posting data from other sources.

Given this complexity, it is not practical to manually research more than one or two programs at a time. To look at all a university's options, the data needs to be downloaded, cleaned-up, scored, and displayed. While a few of the biggest online program developers – organizations that launch dozens of programs a year – may have their own home-grown tools, it is more common to license commercial systems for this purpose.

## Program Economics

Student, course, and instructor data are the building blocks of program economics. The revenue for each student and cost for each instructor can be allocated to courses by credit hour taken or taught. A program is the sum of the courses taken by each student in the major, many of which will be outside of program's department.

The following data should be collected for every section and course:

- **Revenue.** For each student, tuition and fees (less institutional grants) are allocated by credit hour to the courses they take. As a result, courses with more student credit hours get more revenue. Courses with students who are paying full tuition would have more revenue than courses whose students receive institutional grants.
- **Direct Expenses.** Direct instructional cost includes faculty salary and benefits and any other costs incurred in the teaching of a course. These costs are allocated to courses by credit hour. For example, a faculty member teaching two, three-credit-hour courses would have their costs divided evenly between the courses. These costs are then divided by student credit hours and assigned to each student in the course.

Once the course-level data is complete, it is rolled up by student to their major. In other words, program economics are the sum of student revenue by course, less cost per student credit hour by course, for every student in the major. Since the data is captured at the student and course level, institutions can also track contribution by student segment, course, and instructor.

The data must be accompanied by a process that incorporates the financial information, educates stakeholders on its validity and implications, and generates decisions that the campus community will accept and implement.

## The Overall Program Portfolio

If a university offers very few programs, then each program must individually hit high standards for mission fit and market demand. Fortunately, most universities have broad enough program portfolios that they can aim for overall balance while maintaining individual programs that are not perfect in every dimension.

For example, classic portfolio theory dictates that some programs should be in high-growth areas – and a high-volume, high-growth program may merit investment to enable that growth. Other programs may have high but declining demand, or face increasing competition and declining share. Redeploying resources from programs with declining positions to programs with opportunity can improve an institution's enrollment and financial sustainability.

Applying this portfolio analysis approach enables institutions to make sure that their program portfolios have an appropriate balance of big programs, growing programs, financially-healthy programs, and mission-critical programs.

## Decision-Making Process

Data and systems are only part of the solution. Institutions also need a data-informed process that enables senior faculty and administrators to come to agreement on the right programs to Start, Stop, Sustain, or Grow.

## Next Steps

ORU needs to find the right data, systems, and processes to support its program decisions, specifically including:

- A system to evaluate ORU's program markets
- A system to determine ORU's program economics
- Experts who can facilitate Program Portfolio Workshop for ORU's senior team

Below are the requirements for this support.

## Evaluation System for Program Markets

This system should be designed specifically for program analytics, so all the data is organized around standard academic programs (not occupations or other schema). It should have several elements:

- **Custom market definitions:** The system should support one or more custom geographic markets specific to ORU. These geographic markets should determine which students, jobs, and competitors are considered in the analysis.
- **Comprehensive data sources:** To the extent possible, the system should use more than one data source for each of the following dimensions: student demand, job opportunities, and competitive intensity.
- **Matching jobs to programs:** Correctly matching jobs to programs is extremely difficult.<sup>6</sup> It is true that most Accounting majors become accountants, and most Nursing majors become nurses. However, few History majors become historians or history teachers, but many become lawyers or join one of 460 other occupations. Therefore, the system should have a data-driven, detailed crosswalk to match jobs to programs. It should consider both what a program “directly prepares” a student to do, and what jobs students actually get. The crosswalk should also avoid matching all job opportunities in an occupation to a single program, when many other programs may compete for the same jobs.
- **Program scoring:** A “good” program may not be the best program a school could launch. To find the best, institutions need to research all their program options, score them, and collaboratively evaluate the results. The system should enable ORU to develop customized scoring rubrics, score, and rank all 1,400 IPEDS programs.
- **Program Scorecards:** The system should summarize the data and scoring on a single page. The page should be understandable by all faculty and administrators. For example, red-yellow-green color coding could quickly reveal how a program performs on each factor.

The market evaluation system should accommodate economic data for each program as it becomes available. Ideally, the financials should be included in the scoring system.

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<sup>6</sup> The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) has an official crosswalk, but it does not attempt to allocate jobs when one occupation can be fed by multiple programs, and it takes a very narrow view of direct preparation that is unrealistic. In addition to NCES data, Gray’s crosswalk reflects skill-based analyses, actual career paths based on millions of records from the American Community Survey, and other sources.

## Program Economics

The program economic analysis should use data from ORU's financial and operating systems to generate course- and program-level reports on revenue, direct instructional cost, and contribution. It should align revenues and costs with students and the courses they take. The student data should roll-up to the programs in which each student is enrolled.

The configuration process should include several reviews with finance, academics, and others to ensure the data and analyses are sound.

## Program Portfolio Workshop

Program recommendations that come from on high are seldom successful. ORU should retain an expert who has proven able to bring together leaders from the faculty and administration to make evidence-based program decisions. To reach an informed consensus, we would suggest conducting a two-day program review workshop.

In the workshop, ORU's senior team will decide which programs to start, stop, sustain, fix or grow. Participants should include academic leaders (Provost, Deans or department chairs), administrative leaders (President, Provost, CFO, Marketing Officer, Admissions Officer, Student Services, and Career Services) and Institutional Research. The full group should have the opportunity to review the data and refine the scoring rubric. They should identify and agree on the most promising new programs, using their judgement as well as the data and scoring. Importantly, they should ensure that programs chosen advance ORU's mission.

Once new programs are chosen, the group should turn to an evaluation of existing programs. We expect that most programs will be in good shape. The group should focus on identifying programs with room to grow and others that may need to be fixed or stopped. At the end of the second day, the group should have reached consensus on which programs to start, stop, sustain, or grow (and a few fixes, too).

## Summary

With the right data and process, ORU's faculty and administrators can reach better, faster, data-informed decisions on which programs to start, stop, sustain or grow. They can make these decisions collaboratively and strengthen the culture of the institution. Most important, this approach can position the institution to address the future and fulfill its mission.



# GRAYASSOCIATES

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## Evaluating the Financial Sustainability of Academic Programs



September 27, 2018

[www.GrayAssociates.com](http://www.GrayAssociates.com)



1. Introduction and Overview
2. Evaluating Markets for Academic Programs
3. Determining the Economics of Current Programs
4. Program Portfolio Assessment

## Overview: Program Sustainability, An Integrated View

A healthy program portfolio meets institutional, academic, financial, and market requirements.

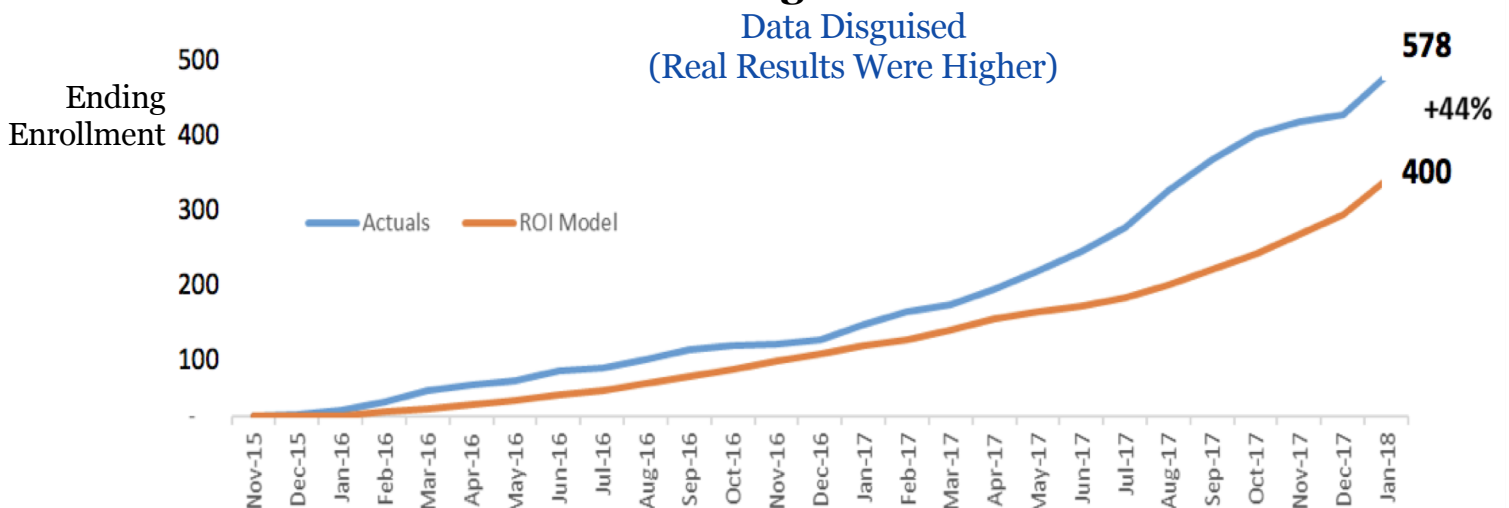


- A traditional program review concentrates on academic capacity, educational quality, and institutional mission.
- Gray's *Program Evaluation System* (PES) brings in data from the marketplace, which enables assessment of primary demand.
- Including an assessment of Program Profitability (cost, revenue, and margin), enables better decisions on where to grow, sustain, or intervene.

### Program Sustainability: Purpose *Identify Growth Opportunities*

Conducting a program portfolio analysis using PES will help ORU identify and select the best new programs that can help drive growth. Below is an example of a set of online programs identified using PES in a Gray workshop and launched several months later. In a little over 24 months, these programs had over 570 enrolled students.

#### New Programs Launched Ending Enrollment



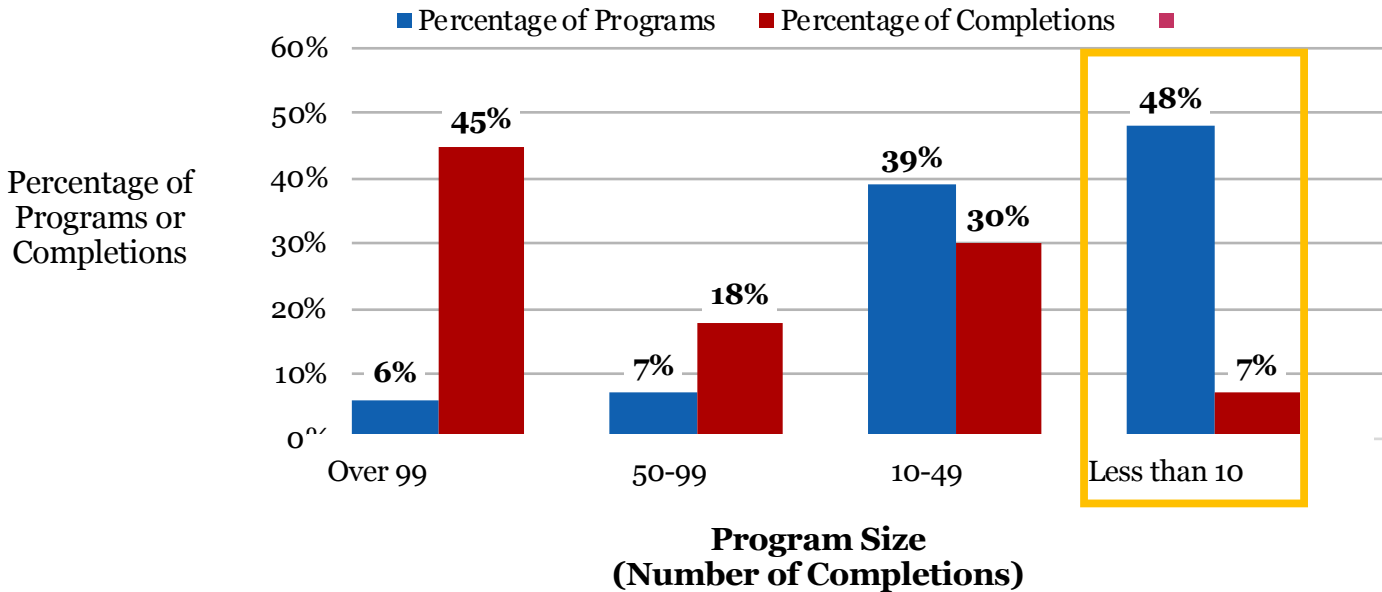


## Program Sustainability: Purpose

### Identify Efficiencies

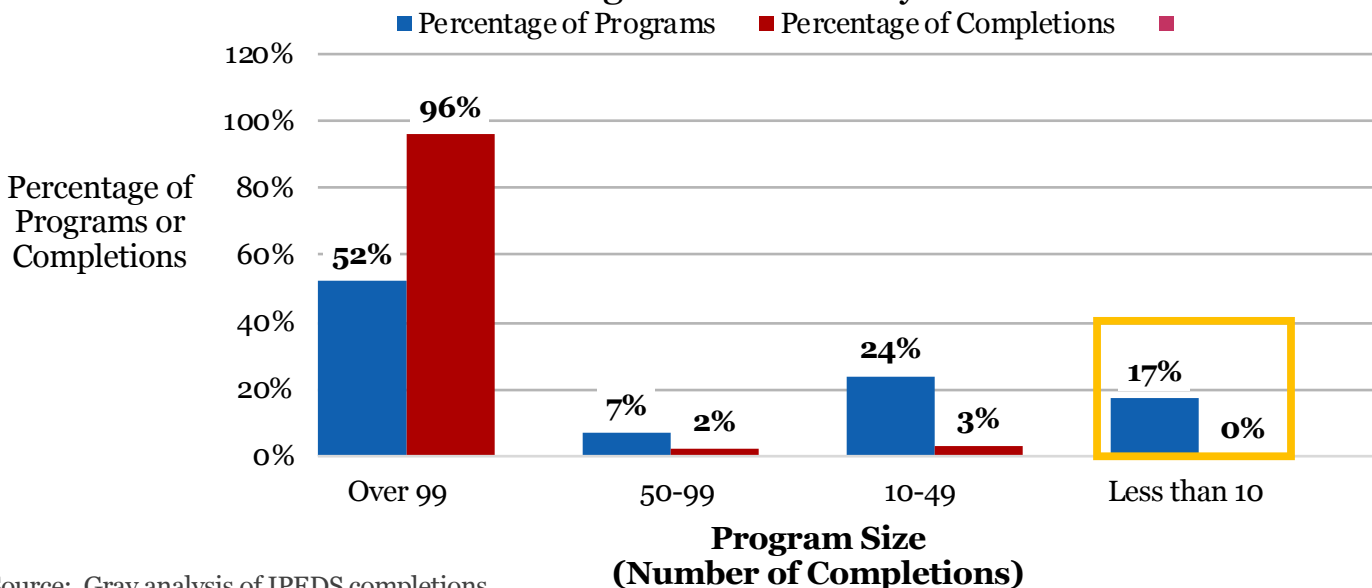
Analysis of your full program portfolio can help you to understand its productivity and efficiency. In the US, almost half of programs have less than 10 completions per year; as a group these programs only produce 7% of all graduates. This “long-tail” of small programs offers some opportunity for savings.

### Gray Analysis of IPEDS Completions Program Productivity



As an example, Western Governors University has grown enrollment to over 100,000 with only 58 programs.

### Western Governor's University Program Productivity



Source: Gray analysis of IPEDS completions

1. Introduction and Overview



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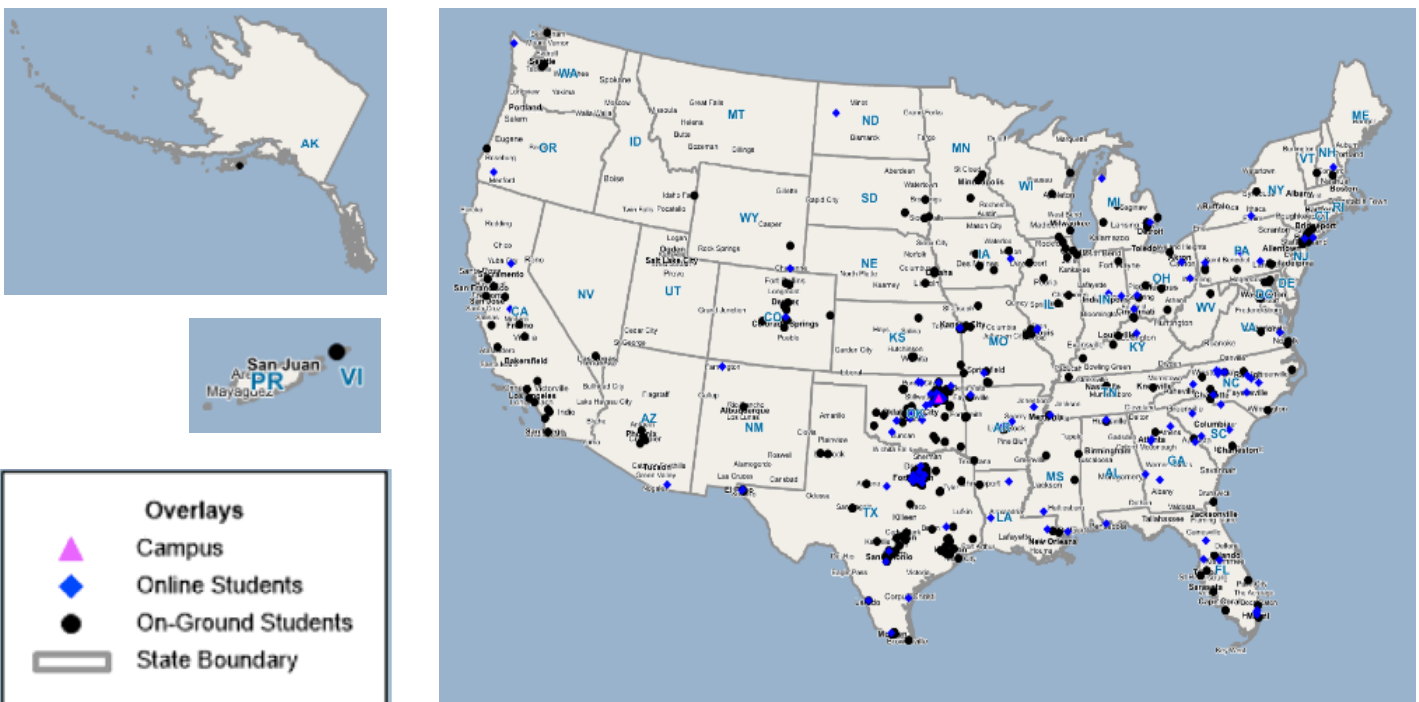
## Evaluating Markets for Academic Programs

Viable programs need healthy markets.



A market analysis should be comprehensive and customized to institutional priorities.

**ORU Market Definition:** The first step is to identify the markets you serve. Using enrolled students' application addresses, locations were geocoded to better understand from where students originated.

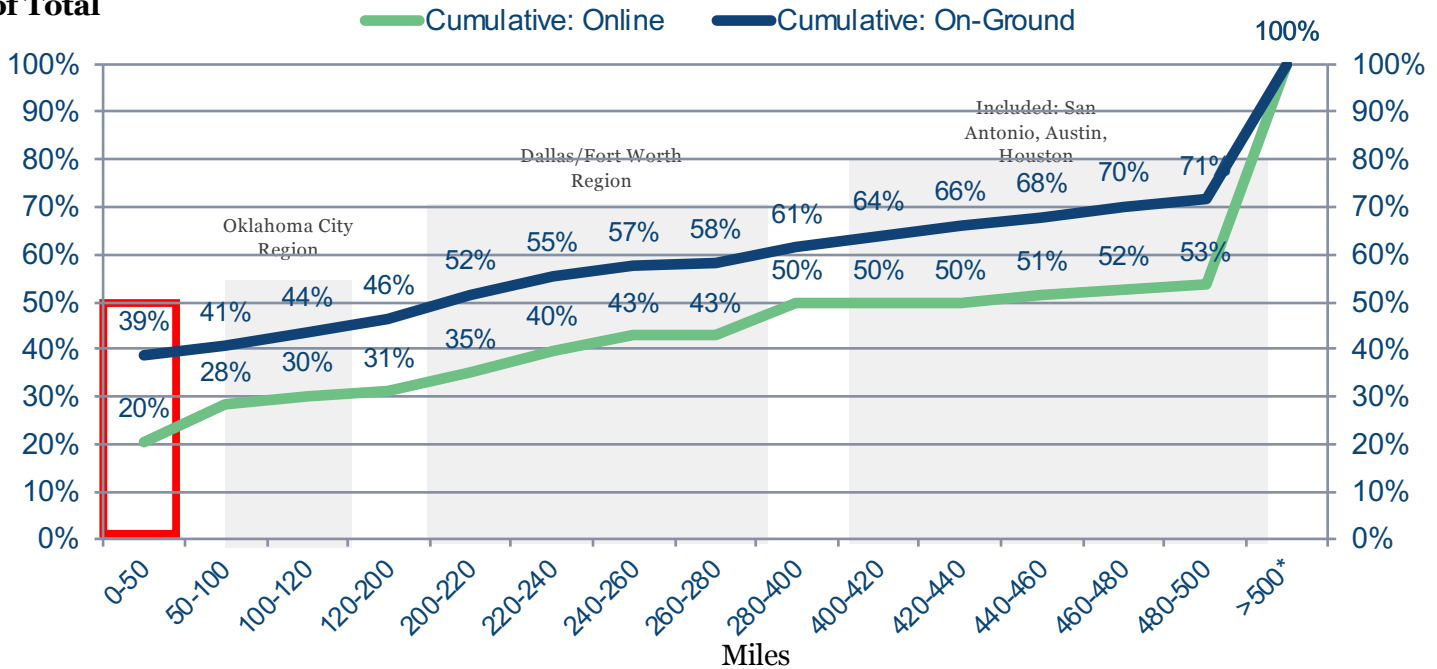


Note: Not displayed are 96 international students from 47 foreign countries.

**ORU Market Definition:** 39% of on-ground **Undergraduate** students come from within 50 miles of ORU's main campus, and 20% of online Undergraduate students originate from within 50 miles\* of the main campus.

## Distribution of Undergraduate Students by Distance Main Campus

Percent  
of Total



\*Source: Student Application Address, excluding International. Graduate: On-ground 47% within 50 miles and Online 54%. See appendix for Graduate distance analysis.

**PES Program Scoring: ORU Score Ranges:** Four categories of data are used to evaluate program markets. Gray worked with ORU to develop a customized scoring rubric that assigned weights and scores ranges to each data category:

- Student Demand (44%) and Employment (35%) are weighted most heavily.
- Competitive Intensity (21%) has less weight.
- Strategic Fit is intended primarily to “knock out” irrelevant programs.
- The possible scores range from -103 to +62

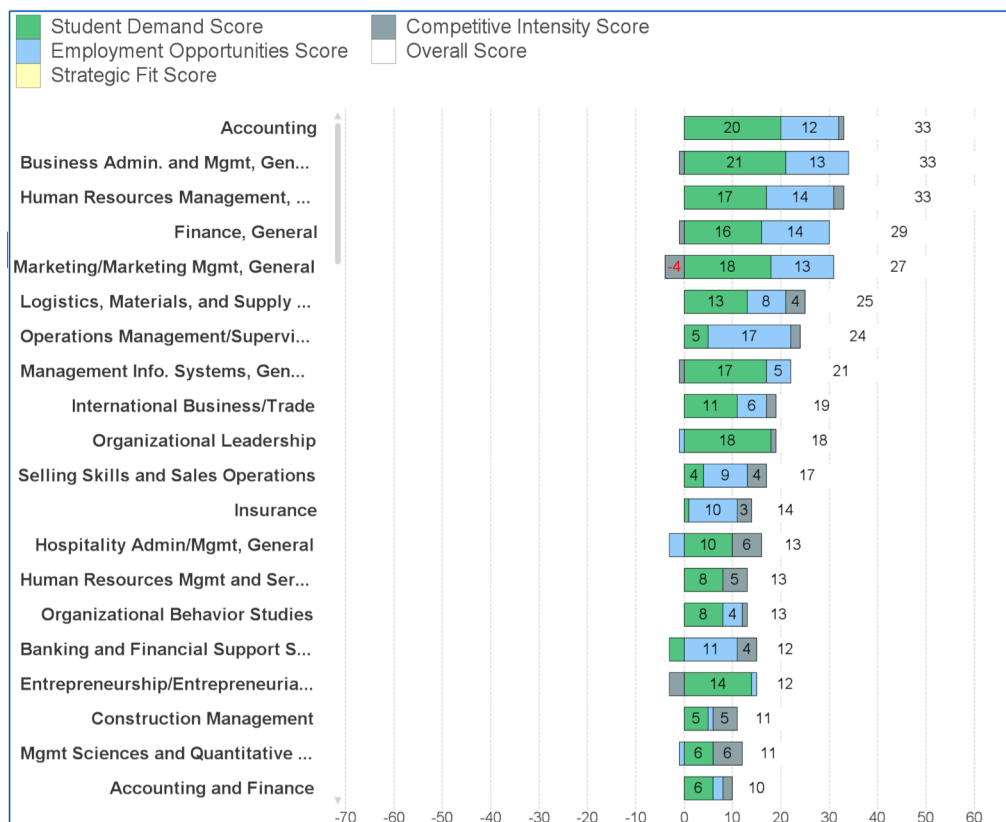
<b>Student Demand</b> <b>(-12 to +27)</b>	<b>Employment Opportunities</b> <b>(-18 to +22)</b>
<b>Strategic Fit</b> <b>(-60 to 0)</b>	<b>Competitive Intensity</b> <b>(-13 to +13)</b>

**Program Scoring Customized to ORU Priorities:** ORU tailored Gray's scoring rubrics to fit its priorities.

## Sample Scoring Rubric Student Demand: Google Search

Refer to Percentiles and Values for Baseline Market	Google Search Volume		YoY Unit Change in Google Search		YoY % Change in Google Search	
	High:	> 2,000	Max:	> 100	Max:	> 25%
	Medium:	> 1,000	High:	> 0	High:	> 10%
	Low:	> 250	Low:	< 0	Low:	< -10%
	Min:	< 0	Min:	< 0	Min:	< -25%
	High	= 7	Max	= 1	Max	= 1
	Medium	= 3	High	= 0	High	= 0
	Low	= 3	Low	= 0	Low	= 0
	Min	= 0	Min	= -1	Min	= -1
	100%	45,236		3,706		44%
	98%	2,228		102		32%
	95%	1,000		0		24%
	90%	280		0		18%
	80%	0		0		9%
	70%	0		0		4%
	50%	0		0		-1%
	20%	0		0		-12%
	10%	0		0		-17%
	5%	0		-20		-22%
	2%	0		-133		-29%
	0%	0		-2,693		-46%

**Oklahoma Market: Business Program Ranking\* (Bachelor's Scoring):** Using the custom rubric, we ranked all business programs in the Oklahoma market.



\*Top 20 programs.  
See Appendix for full list.

**ORU College of Business: Current Undergraduate Programs:** The chart below shows ORU's undergraduate business programs scored against the market.

## Current Selections


Award Level	✗	Bachelors, Unknown
Market	✗	Oklahoma
6-Digit CIP	✗	7 of 1848
2-Digit CIP	✗	52

Percentile	Overall Score
98th	18+
95th	11+
90th	6+
70th	-2+
40th	-5+
Below 40th	< -5



**Program Scorecard: Accounting Bachelor's:** Competitive, student, and employment demand for this program are strong.

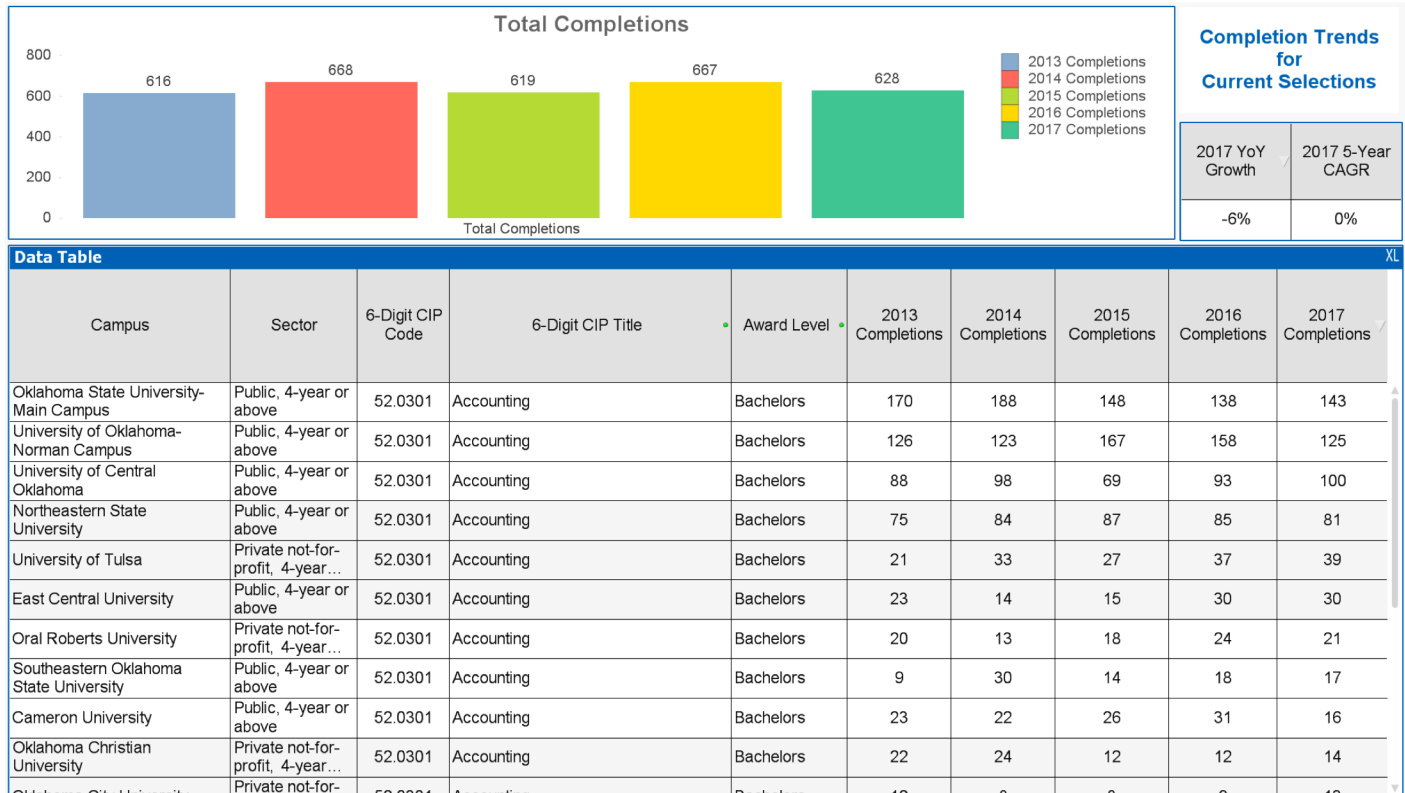
## Program Scorecard: 52.0301 - Accounting

GRAY ASSOCIATES					Overall Score 33						
Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total	Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total		
Inquiries	Total	726	7	20	Job Postings* 	Job Postings	2,040	5	12		
	Online	161	1			JP w/ EDU	1,881	5			
	Unit Change	0.0%	1			% JP HS	32%	0			
	% Change	8.5%	0			% JP AA	7%	0			
	Certificate	0.0%	0			% JP BA	50%	0			
	Associates	0.0%	0			% JP MA	9%	0			
	Bachelors	89.2%	7			% JP Doc	2%	0			
	Masters	10.7%	0			Unit Change	-49	-1			
	Doctoral	0.1%	0			% Change	-2.4%	0			
Google Search*	Total	10,280	7	1	BLS*	JP Per Grad*	2.7	0	0		
	Unit Change	1,048	-1			Total	22,738	5			
	% Change	-15.7%	0			Job Openings	680	1			
Completions	Total	628	7	1	Nat'l ACS Wage (Bachelors)	CAGR	2.3%	-1	0		
	Unit Change	-39	-1			Wages	\$34,735	1			
	% Change	-6%	0			Age < 30	\$47,591	2			
Institutions	Total**	17	-2	1	Nat'l GE (2-Yr)	Age 30-60	\$96,856	0	0		
	YoY Change**	0	0			Wages	NA	0			
	Average**	\$35	1		Placement Rates	Certificate		0		0	
Cost Per Inquiry	Completions Per Capita**	0.67	2	1		Associates		0	0		
	Cost Per Click**	\$9	0			No College	5%	0			
	Comp. Index**	0.34	0	National Percent of Workforce	Certificate	10%	0				
Google Search*	Average	37	0		1		Associates	9%	0	0	
	Median	16	0	Percent of All Completions	Bachelors	53%	0				
	Unit Change	-2	0		Graduate	23%	0				
Program Size	% Change	-11%	0		1		Certificate	0%	0	0	
	DE Institutions**	139	0	NHEBI National 2-Yr	Associates	0%	0				
	% of Institutions	17%	0		Bachelors	83%	0	0			
National Distance Education Competition	DE Completions**	8,561	0		1		Masters		17%	0	
	% of Completions	16%	0				Doctoral		0%	0	
							Cost Index**	0.67	0	0	
Percentiles:	< 40%	40%+	70%+		1		Stu:Faculty Index**	1.39	0		
	90%+	95%	98%+	National 2-Yr							

Percentile	Overall Score
98th	18+
95th	11+
90th	6+
70th	-2+
40th	-5+
Below 40th	< -5

\* - Google search, employment data and JPIG Ratio do not filter by award level.  
 \*\* - Color scale in reverse.  
 NA - No data available/not currently tracked.  
 2-Yr - Associates & certificate programs only.

**Program Scorecard: Competition – Accounting:** Competitive intensity is critical to program decisions. 17 competitors in the Oklahoma market offer Bachelor's of Accounting Programs:



## From Data to Evaluation: Process

Gray conducts a workshop to assist you in looking at your portfolio and deciding what programs to “Start, Sustain, Grow, or Sunset.” This is a well-tested and successful process.



- Uses facts and data effectively
- Incorporates judgment of key stakeholders
- Identifies the best new programs, not just “good enough” programs
- Earns the understanding and buy-in of key stakeholders
- Positions the organization for next steps
  - Creating an action plan for teaching out, sustaining, fixing, or growing existing programs

1. Introduction and Overview

2. Evaluating Markets for Academic Programs



3. Determining the Economics of Current Programs

4. Program Portfolio Assessment



## Program Economics

**Financial Sustainability:** Recent improvements in cost and expense tracking in university data systems now support good program-level financial measurement.



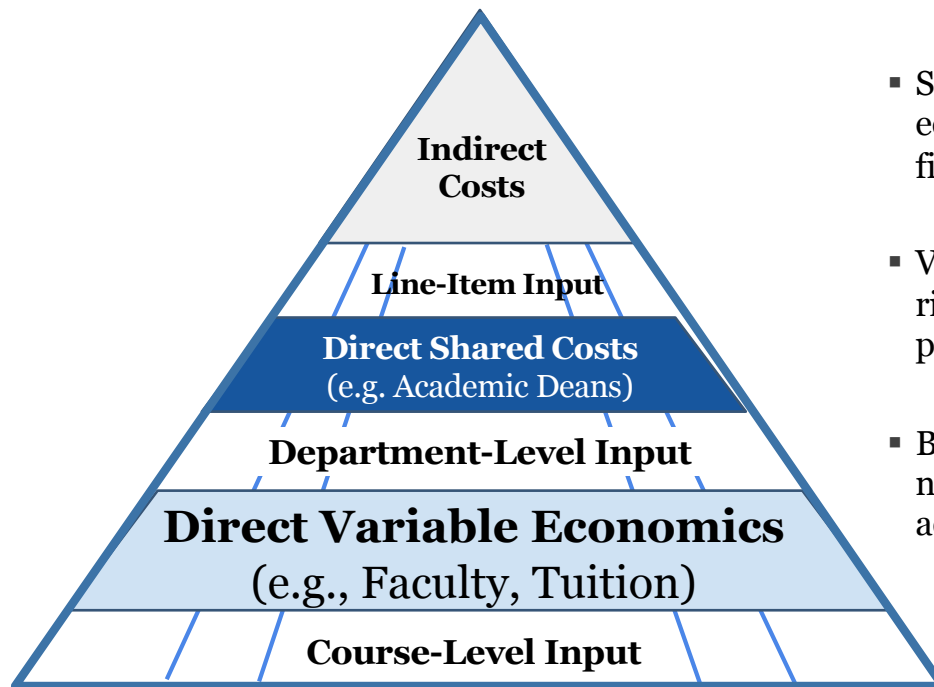
### Integrated Program Evaluation:

Universities need to balance **Mission, Market, and Money**

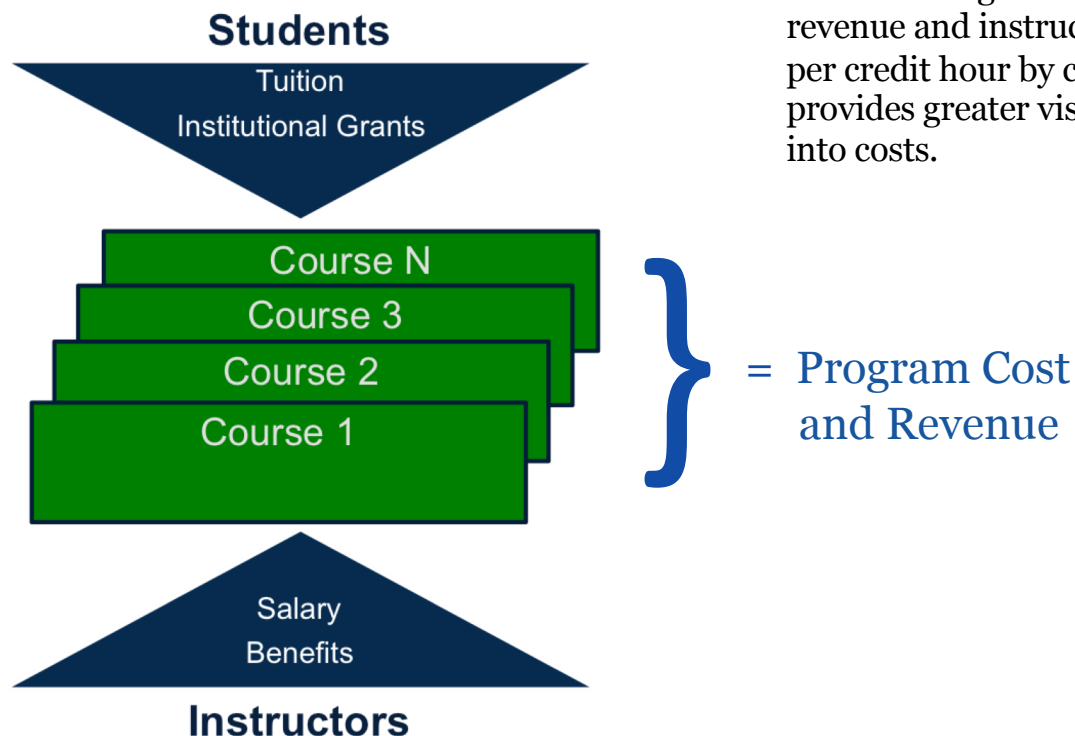
- All programs should further the university's mission.
- Some need to make money so that others can operate at a loss.
  - Some mission-critical programs may have small markets, low enrollment, and losses.
  - Other programs central to the mission may have high costs.
  - Larger, lower-cost programs can help to fund them.
- These cross-subsidies enable universities to fund and assert their academic values.
- Good estimates of program margins are needed to maintain a prudent balance.

Source: William Massey, Ph.D., ex CFO and Provost at Stanford University.

**Program Economics Methodology:** Understanding program financial contribution enables universities to balance needs between mission and money.



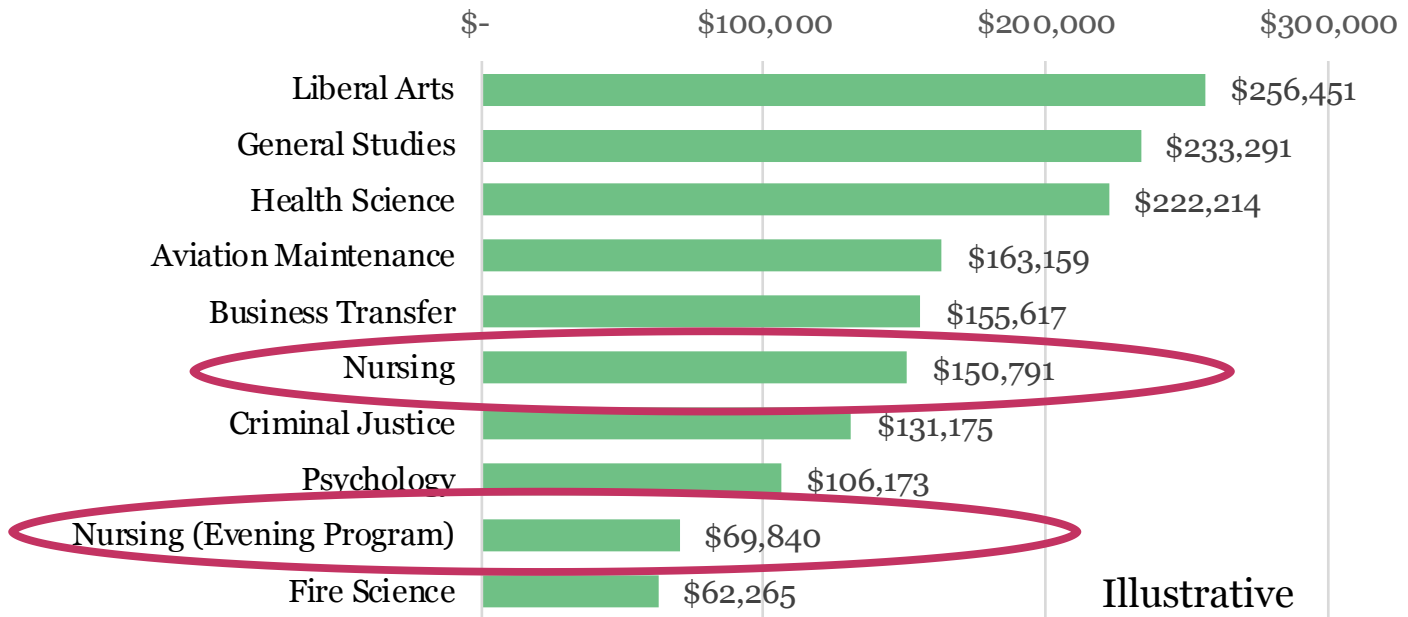
- Start with direct variable economics, then layer in fixed costs.
- Variable economics are the right metric for most program decisions.
- But, overheads are real and need to be taken into account.



- Accumulating student revenue and instructor cost per credit hour by course provides greater visibility into costs.

**Program Economics Case Study Example:** Gray analyzed program economics for a community college. Our initial assessment revealed Nursing to be one of the college's most profitable programs.

## Top 10 Programs Contribution Margin



Source: Gray's Program Economics Tool

## Economic Scorecard:

The Scorecard displays program data and comparisons to the college's other programs.

- Metrics per SCH\* enable apples to apples comparisons with other programs.
- The color coding shows the program's rank vs. other programs at the college.

Select a program to drill down

Revenue Per SCH	\$242
Cost Per SCH**	\$59
Contribution Per SCH	\$183

# of Courses	22	Total Revenue	\$677,249
# of Students	165	Total Instructional Cost**	\$164,743
Total SCH	2,799	Total Contribution	\$512,506
# of Instructors	37		

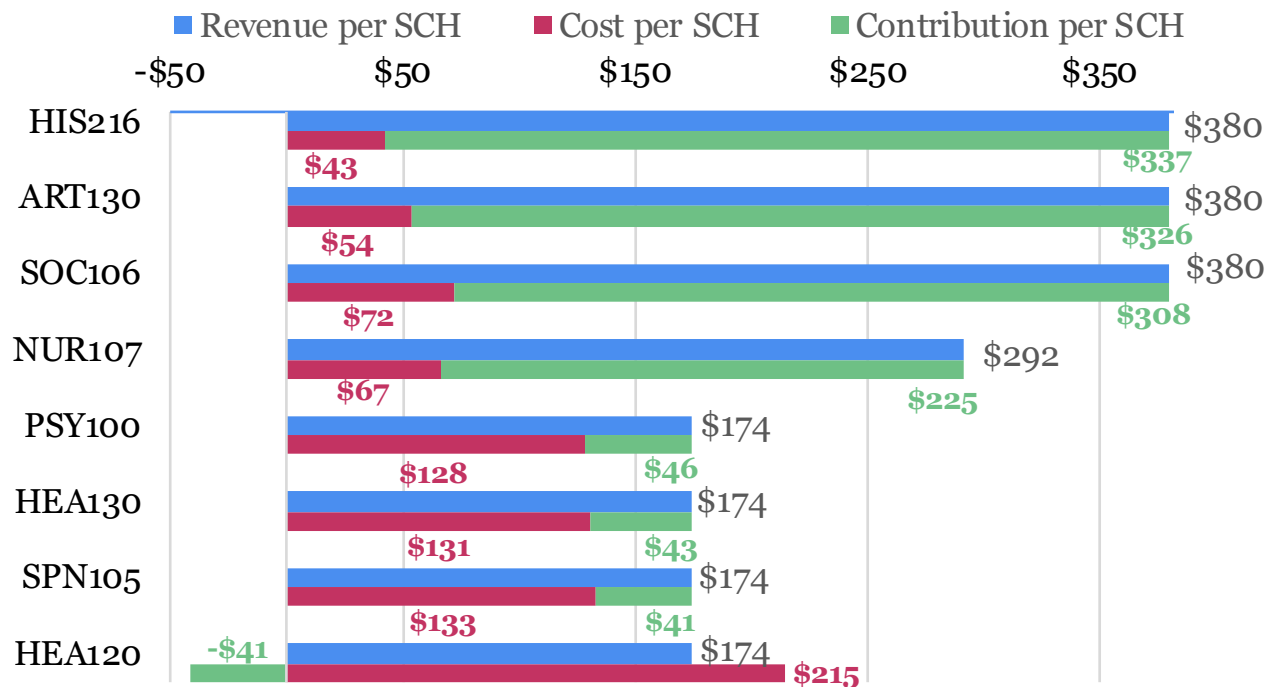
Percentiles:	< 10%	10%+	25%+	50%+	75%+	90%+
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\*\* Color scale in reverse order

\*Student Credit Hours (SCH) = Course credit hours x number of students

**Case Study Drill-Downs:** Leaders can drill down to program margins by course.

### Nursing Program: Course Margins



**Overhead Allocator:** Gray enables flexible overhead allocations, so alternative allocations can be explored.

### Overhead Allocation Table

Cost Center	% Allocated Per Student	% Allocated Per Instructor	% Not Allocated (Other)	Total Overhead
Office of Information Technology	26.54%	0.00%	73.46%	\$456,863
Physical Plant	26.54%	0.00%	73.46%	\$396,604
Business Office	26.54%	0.00%	73.46%	\$165,850
Retirement & Resignation Costs	0.00%	50.00%	50.00%	\$150,522
Advising & Counseling	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	\$134,917
Human Resources & Payroll	0.00%	50.00%	50.00%	\$133,536
Registrar	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	\$132,305
President's Office	26.54%	25.00%	48.46%	\$122,925
Admissions	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	\$121,268
Financial Aid	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	\$109,965
VP Academic & Student Affairs	26.54%	0.00%	73.46%	\$77,730
Institutional Research	26.54%	25.00%	48.46%	\$73,184
Facilities Use & Community Recreation	26.54%	0.00%	73.46%	\$73,059
VP Finance & Operations	26.54%	0.00%	73.46%	\$68,642
College Communications	26.54%	0.00%	73.46%	\$62,168

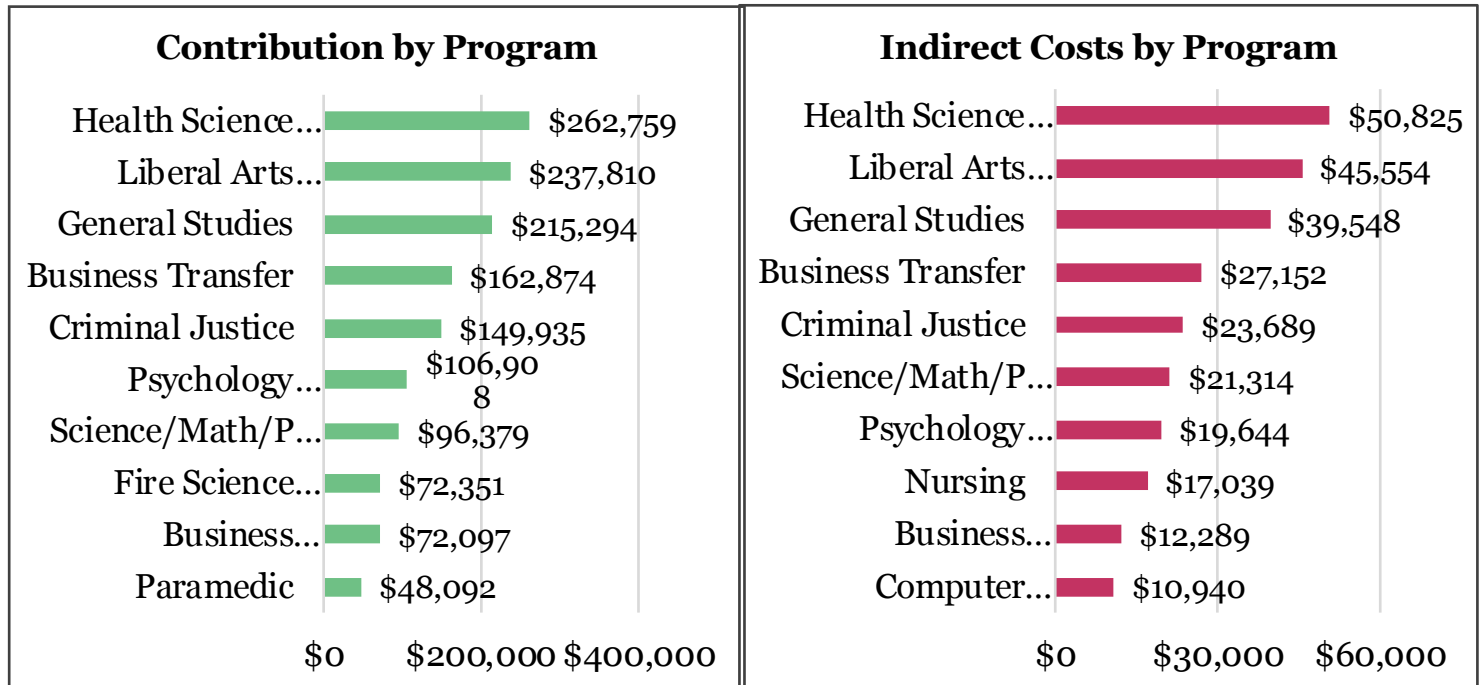
(Partial Table)

**Case Study:**  
**Fully-Allocated Economics: Nursing**

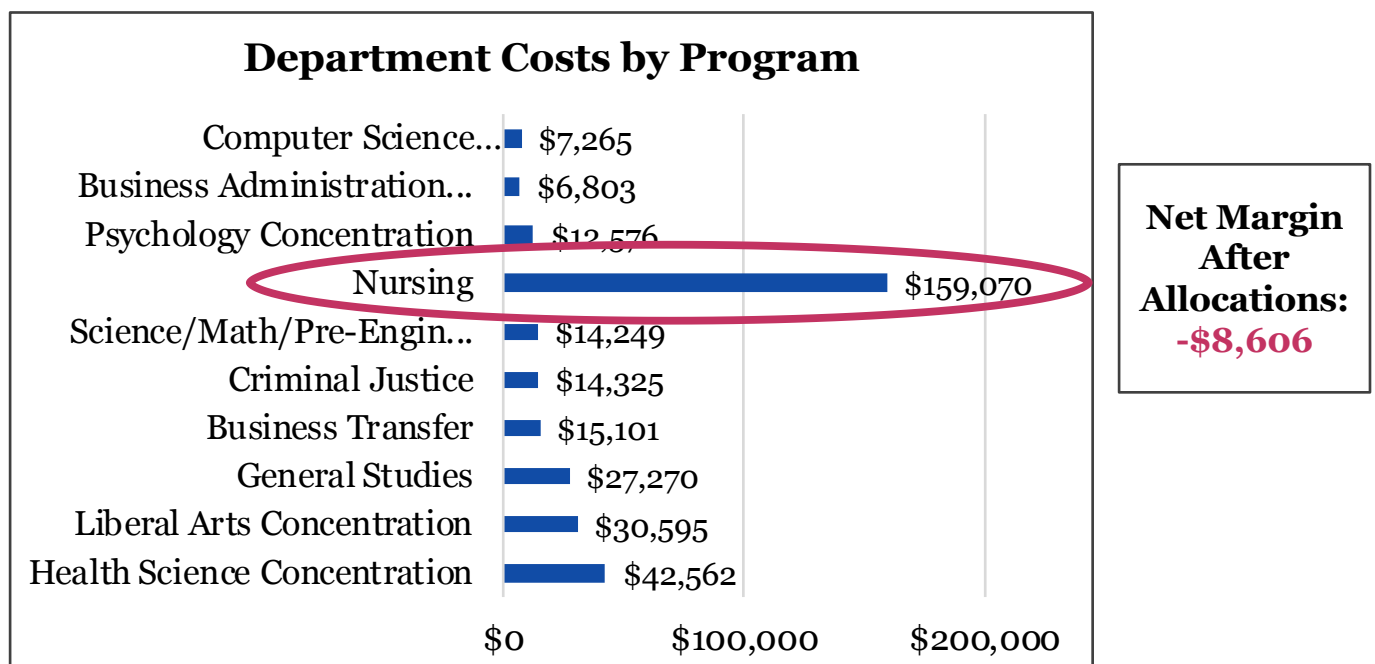
**Margin Before Allocations:**  
**\$150,791**

Including allocated costs, Nursing falls off the top 10 list.

Nursing indirect costs are in-line with other programs.



However, Nursing's departmental costs are several times higher than other programs.



1. Introduction and Overview
2. Evaluating Markets for Academic Programs
3. Determining the Economics of Current Programs
- ➡ 4. Program Portfolio Assessment

## Summary

It is now possible to collect useful data on program markets and economics. This data is vital to ensure the program portfolio mix is able to fund and assert its academic values and sustain the financial health of the institution.

- Combining data and systems with an effective process enables institutions to reach consensus on these critical decisions.
  - Market data ensures that programs address student demand and employer needs
  - Program economics assesses the financial impact of current and new programs
  - The facilitated process ensures that academic judgement and institutional knowledge are brought to bear.

**Program Sustainability: Program Dashboard:** As a report example, Regis completed their market and financial program portfolio analysis, and created a dashboard that integrates data on student performance, program markets, and economics.

### REGIS UNIVERSITY

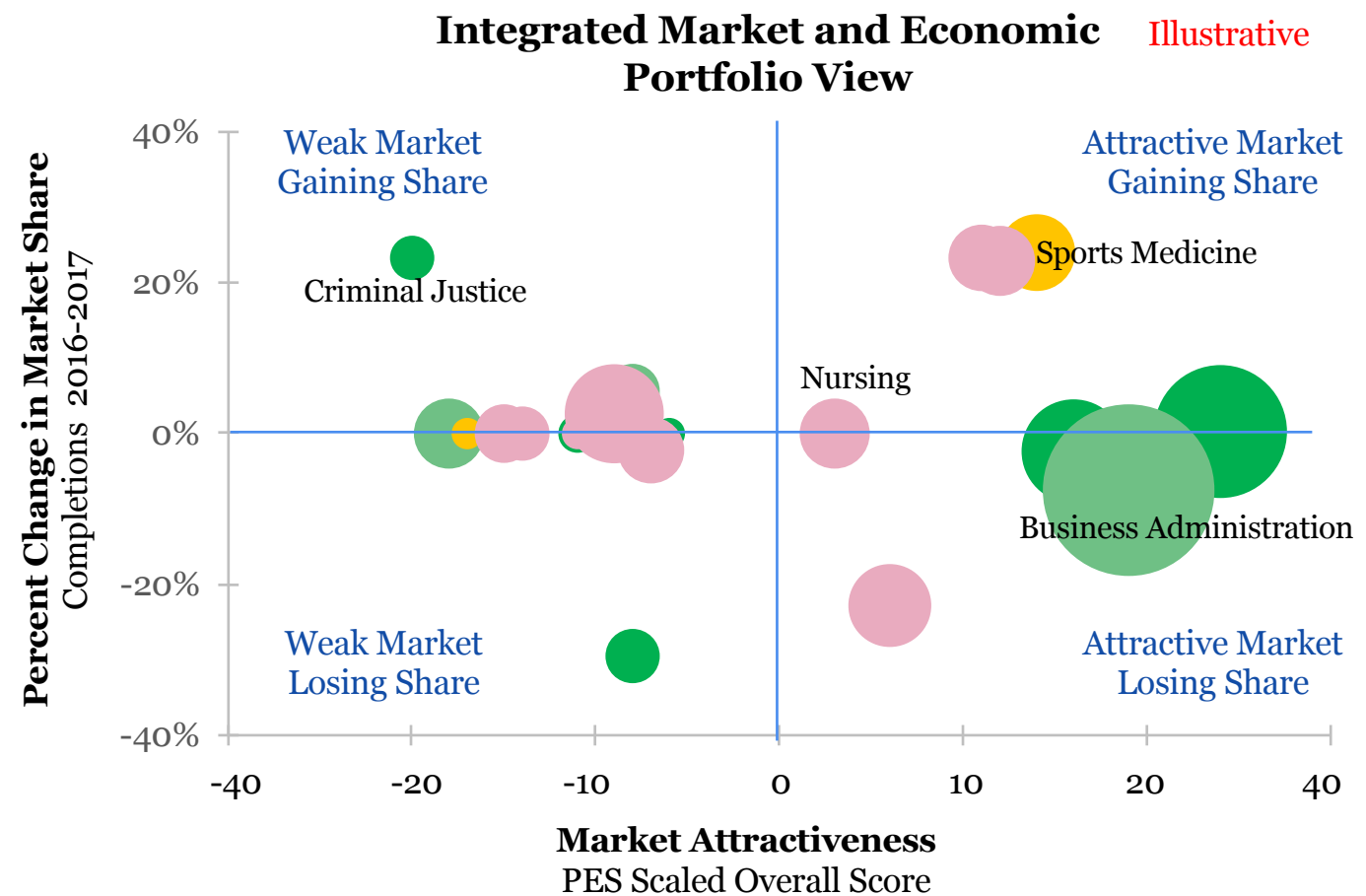
Data Compiled by University Analytics and Reporting

Regis University Sample Program Sustainability						
Assessment of Trends	FYR2013	FYR2014	FYR2015	FYR2016	FYR2017	3-Year Average
Program New Starts	211	275	269	230	238	246
Program Student Headcount	448	574	660	685	679	675
Program Actual Credit Hours (CH)	N/A	N/A	4,926	5,583	5,517	5,342
Program Budget Credit Hours (CH)	N/A	N/A	4,518	5,801	5,279	5,199
Program Variance of Credit Hours: Actual/Budget	N/A	N/A	109.00%	96.20%	104.50%	103.23%
Resource Efficiency						
Program Revenue Variance: Actual \$/Budget \$	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.20%	95.70%	70.95%
Overall Regis University Revenue Variance	N/A	N/A	96.4%	101.5%	98.3%	98.73%
College Contribution Margin (net)	N/A	65%	61%	61%	60%	60.67%
College Rank of University Contribution Margin	N/A	2	3	3	3	3
Program Rank Among University Overall Net Tuition	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5	5
Student Success Indicators						
Program 6-Year Graduation Rate	22.50%	29.33%	23.68%	31.25%	34%	29.60%
Program Retention Rate	64.05%	65.17%	67.10%	62.78%	N/A	65.02%
Program Total Completions	30	35	52	56	51	53
Program Rank in Completions Among Regis Programs	14	10	10	7	7	8
Relevance and Demand	Score	% Rank	Additional Notes			
Program Student Demand (-5 to +22)	12	99.0%	The GrayAssociate data in the Relevance and Demand section is pulled for the NW Denver region only.			
Program Employment Opportunities (-18 to +20)	15	99.8%				
Program Degree Fit (-50 to +10)	10	84.1%	Sample Program Revenue Variance prior to FYR 2016, reflects college-level performance and not the specific sample program			
Program Competitive Intensity (-14 to +22)	1	3.0%				
Program Overall Score (-87 to +74)	38	99.5%				
Mission & Institution Fit (300 word maximum)						
The Regis University Sample Program empowers students to take leadership in expertly designing and implementing solutions that tackle the world's most challenging issues, such as social, political, environmental, scientific, medical, economic and business problems, in a socially just manner. All students are expected to attain eleven Student Outcomes prior to graduation. Six of these outcomes directly focus on Sample Program theory and practice, while the remaining five focus on characteristics related to the university's core educational experience including the outcomes of: "explaining the professional, ethical, and social issues and responsibilities relevant to the discipline", "analyzing the local and global impact of computing on individuals, organizations, and society", and "using effective communication and decision making skills". In addition, our courses include specific outcomes focused on ethical inquiry, reflection, and leadership within the discipline. Since 2008, we've used a documented Learning Assurance process to annually review student's success in achieving these program-level outcomes and improve our program based on these reviews. We educate both traditional and post-traditional students using courses that are offered in classroom and online delivery formats including both traditional 16-Week and accelerated 8-Week delivery approaches. The sample program is externally accredited and we are the only accredited online sample program in the country, one of only 285 accredited sample programs, and are only one of three accredited Jesuit sample departments. Our Ranked Faculty has an average of 24 years teaching experience, but equally important, an average of over 7 years of non-academic professional experience in the sample discipline prior to joining Regis University.						

## Program Portfolio Assessment: Vitality

A healthy portfolio of programs is critical to institutional growth and viability.

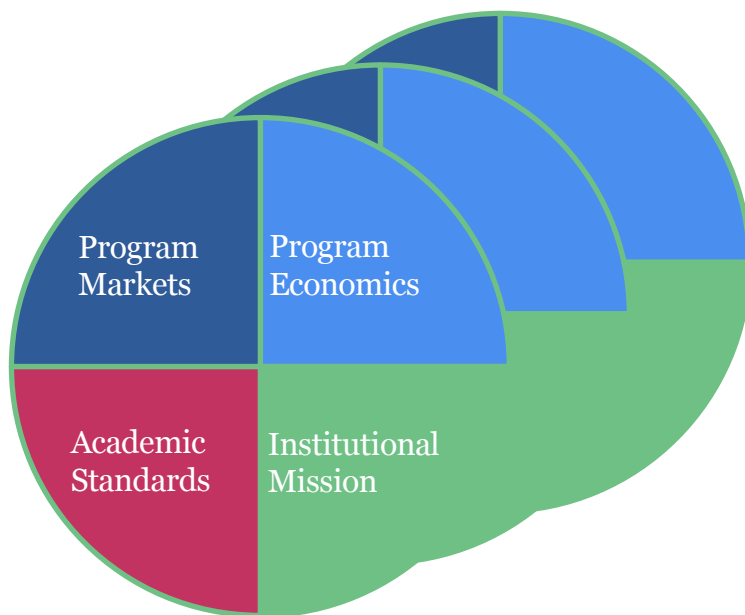
- Map market, institutional, and economic data to assess portfolio health.
- Fortunately for the institution below, its largest programs are contribution-positive in attractive markets.
- However, its largest program is losing share.



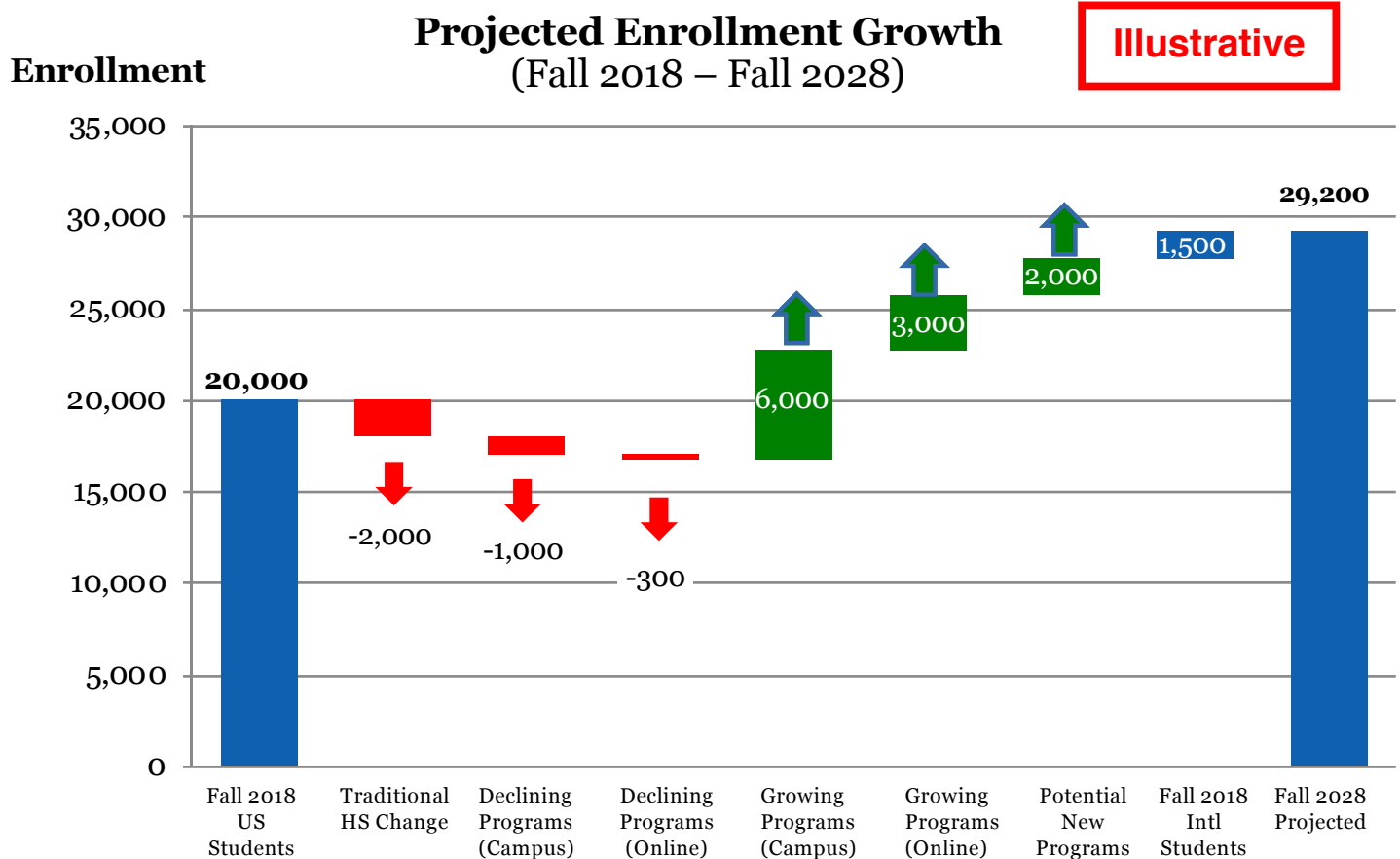
Gray would complete similar analytics for ORU to assist the university in its evaluation of its program portfolio.



## Program Portfolio Assessment: Forecasting Market Potential

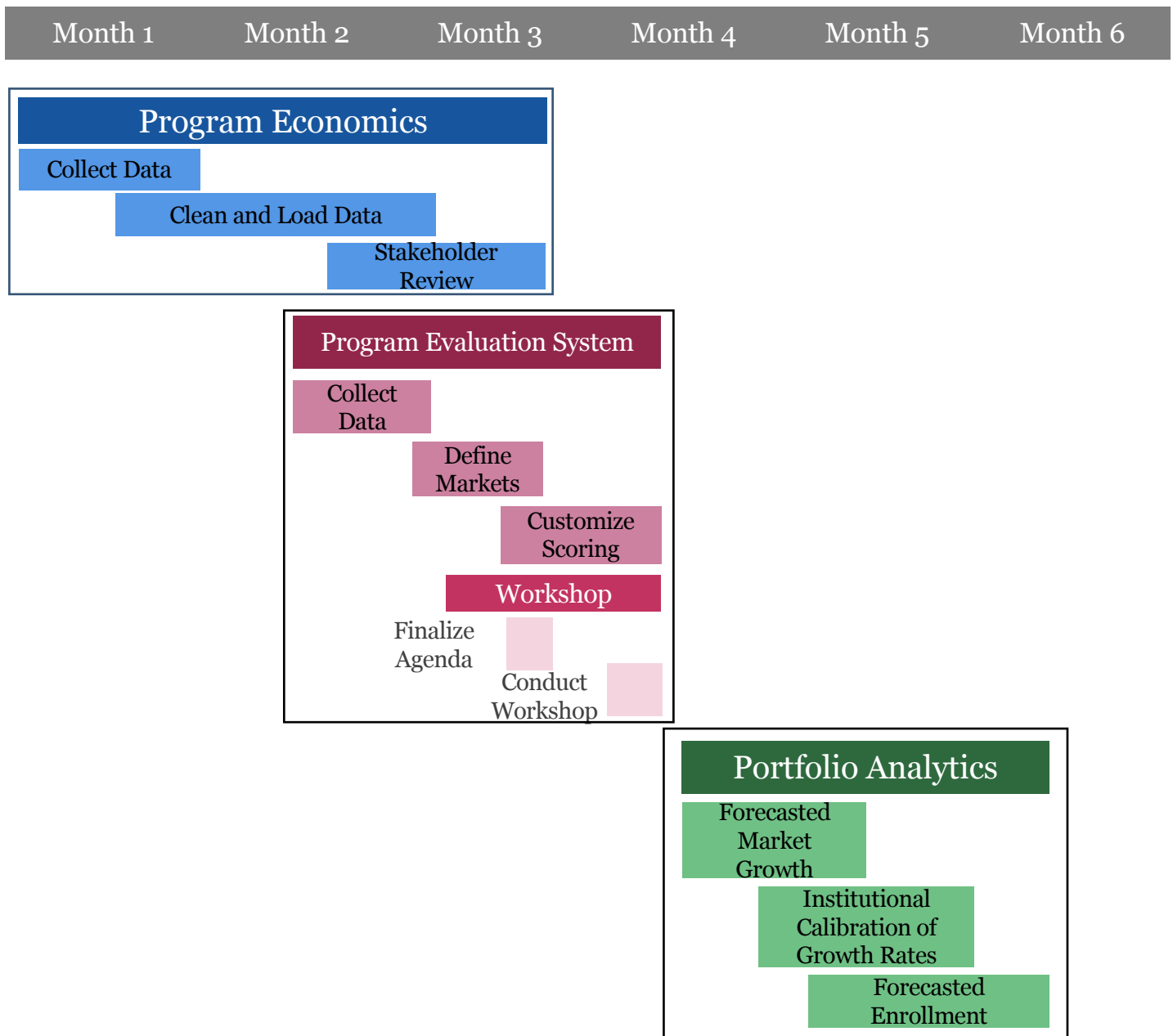


- Looking forward is the final analytic to understanding program vitality.
- Integrating the information from program economics, program markets, and enrollment will enable you to forecast future enrollment opportunity for your markets



## Next Steps:

As ORU considers its next steps, there are several options depending on ORU's priorities. Below is a timeline that reflects a fully integrated approach to evaluating Program Sustainability.



## APPENDIX – Provided Under Separate Cover

### ORU College of Business

1. Student Distance Analysis
2. Market Rank Program Scorecards



# GRAYASSOCIATES

Data • Insights • Strategy

## Evaluating the Financial Sustainability of Academic Programs

### APPENDIX ORU College of Business Programs



September 27, 2018

## APPENDIX

### ORU College of Business



1. Student Distance Analysis

2. Market Rank Program Scorecards

## ORU Market Definition

61% of ORU's undergraduate students originate from Oklahoma and Texas.

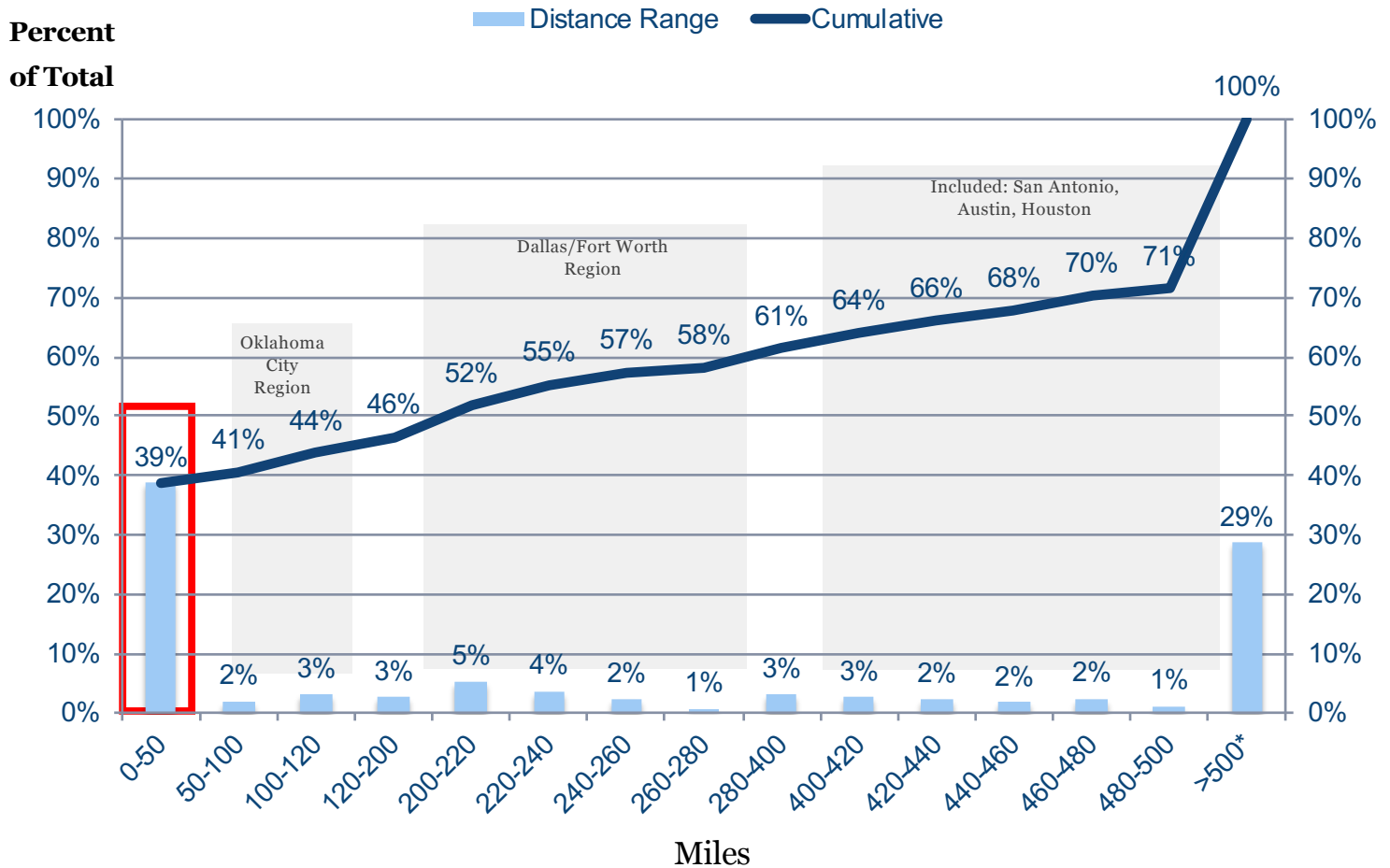
State	Share of Undergraduate Students	Share of Graduate Students	Total Share of Students
OK	42%	55%	44%
TX	19%	8%	17%
MO	3%	2%	3%
CA	3%	2%	3%
NC	3%	3%	3%
FL	3%	2%	3%
CO	2%	3%	2%
Other Total of fewer than 10 students: AK, AL, AR, AZ, CT, GA, IA, ID, IL, IN, KS, KY, LA, MD, MI, MN, MS, ND, NE, NH, NJ, NM, NV, NY, OH, OR, PA, SC, SD, TN, VA, VI, WA, WV, WY	26%	25%	26%
<b>Sample Size</b>	<b>519</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>618*</b>

Note: Analysis is for all undergraduate and graduate students, online and on-ground. It excludes 96 international students.

## Distribution of On-Ground Undergraduates

39% of undergraduates enrolled in ORU's main campus come from within 50 miles.

**Distribution of On-Ground Students by Distance**  
Main Campus (Undergraduate Level)

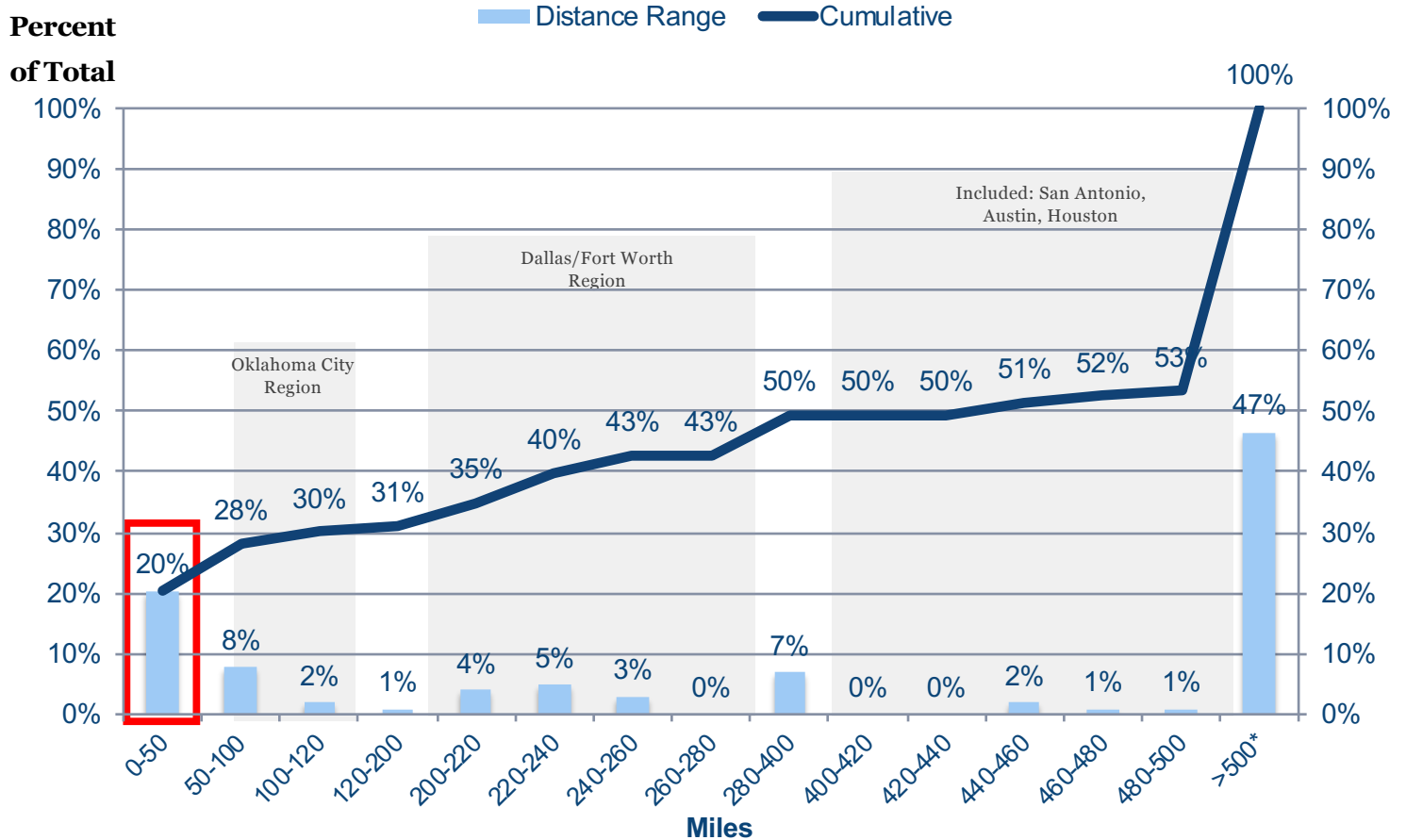


\*Analysis excludes international students.

## Distribution of Online Undergraduates

20% of undergraduates enrolled in ORU's online campus are from within 50 miles.

### Distribution of Online Students by Distance Online Campus (Undergraduate Level)



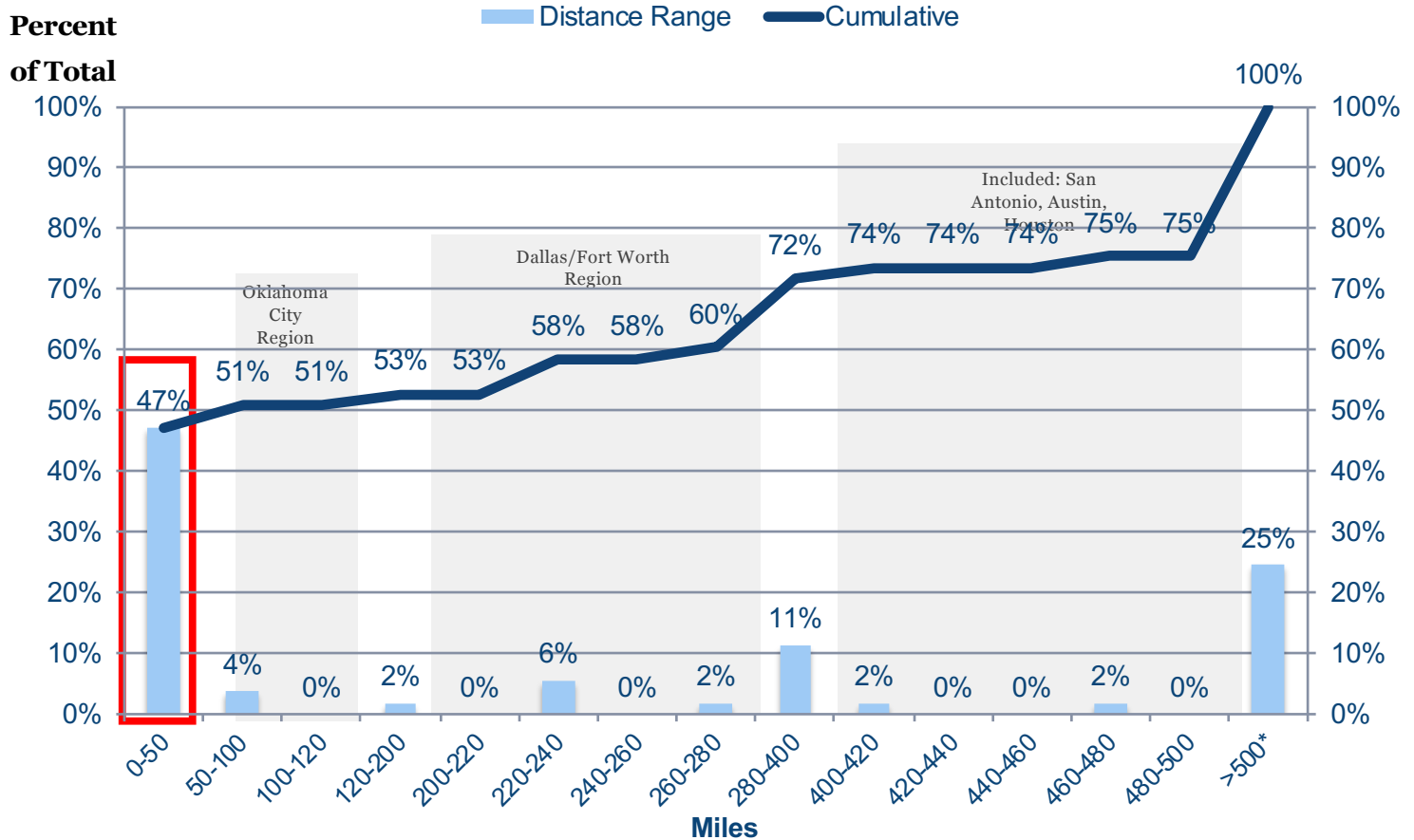
\*Analysis excludes international students.



## Distribution of On-Ground Graduate Students

47% of graduate students enrolled at ORU's main campus come from within 50 miles.

### Distribution of On-Ground Students by Distance Main Campus (Graduate Level)

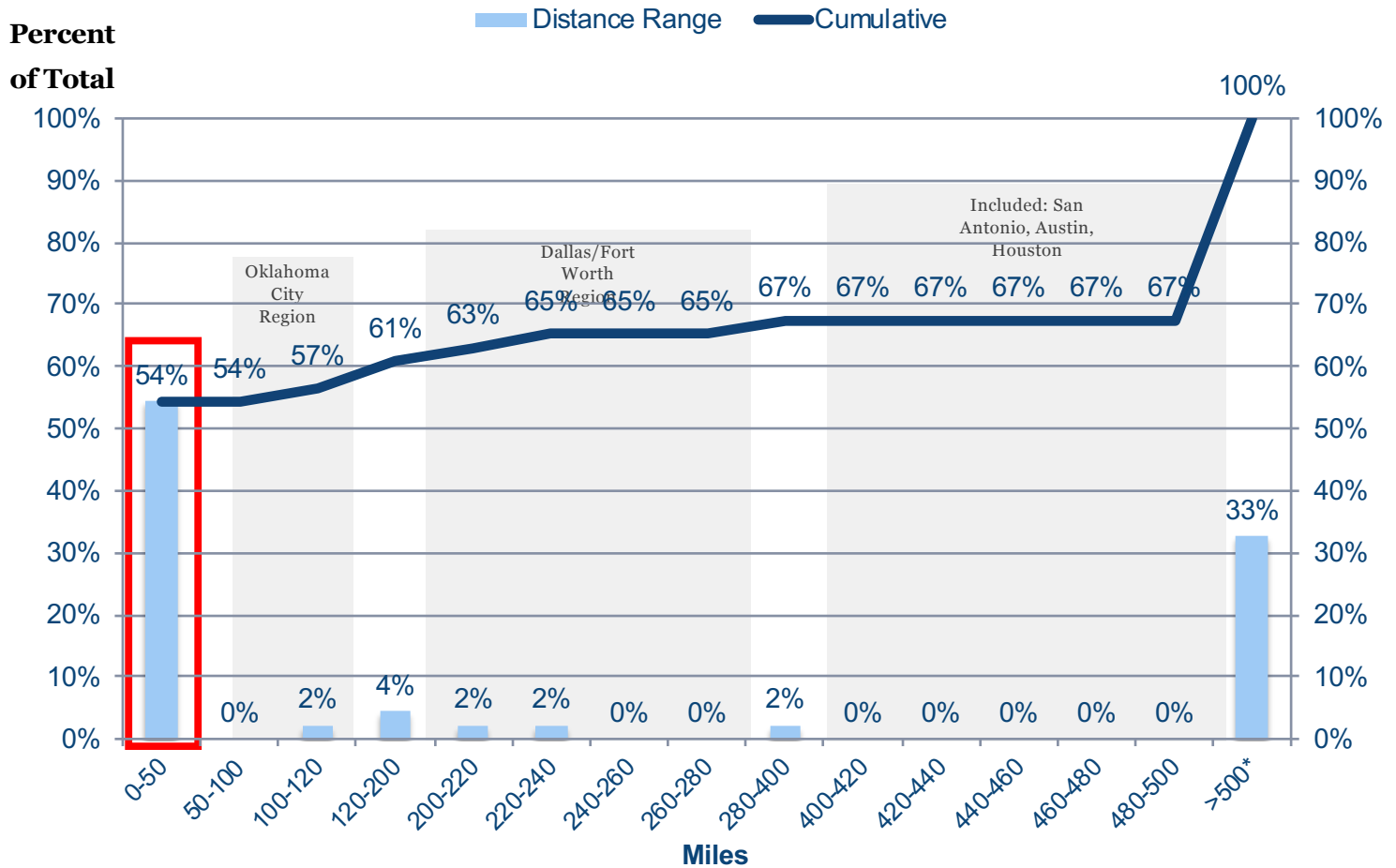


\*Analysis excludes international students.

## Distribution of Online Graduate Students

54% of graduate students enrolled in ORU's online campus are from within 50 miles.

### Distribution of Online Students by Distance Online Campus (Graduate Level)



\*Analysis excludes international students.

## APPENDIX

### ORU College of Business

#### 1. Student Distance Analysis



#### 2. Market Rank Program Scorecards

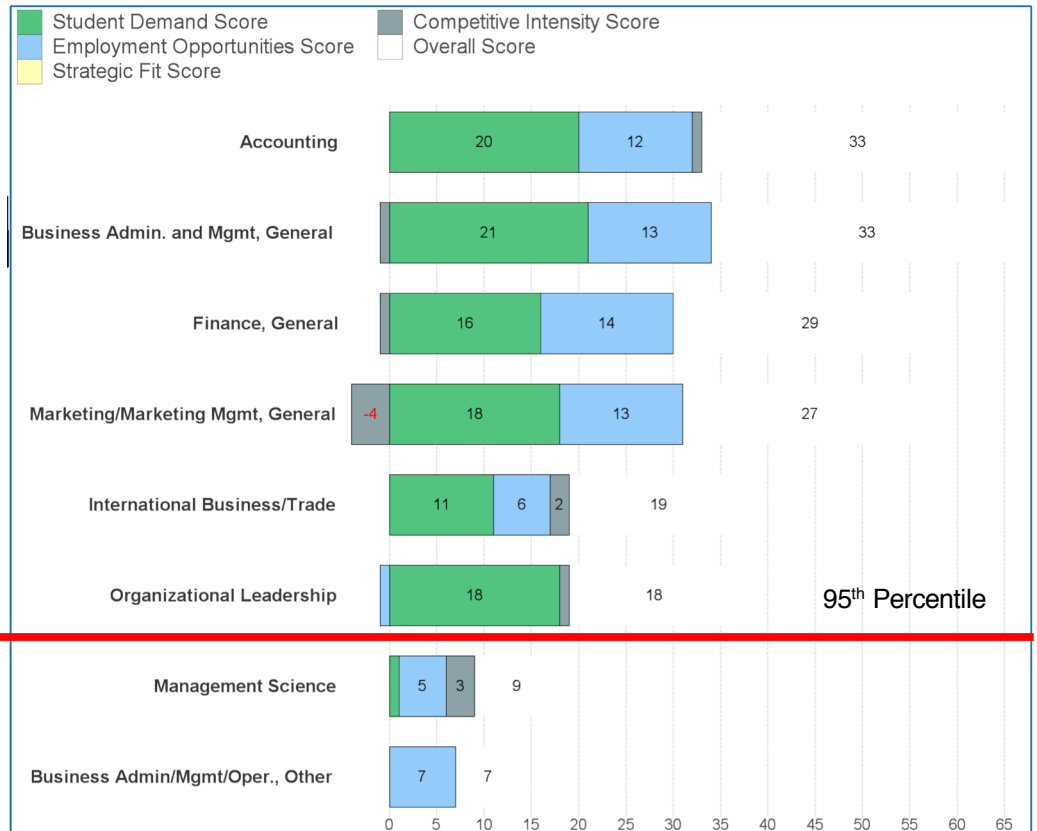
## ORU College of Business: Current Undergraduate Programs

The chart below shows the rank of ORU's undergraduate business programs.

### Current Selections

Award Level	✗	Bachelors, Unknown
Market	✗	Oklahoma
6-Digit CIP	✗	7 of 1848
2-Digit CIP	✗	52

Percentile	Overall Score
98th	18+
95th	11+
90th	6+
70th	-2+
40th	-5+
Below 40th	< -5



## Oklahoma Market: Business Program Ranking\* (Bachelor's Scoring)

Using the custom rubric, we ranked all business programs in the Oklahoma market.

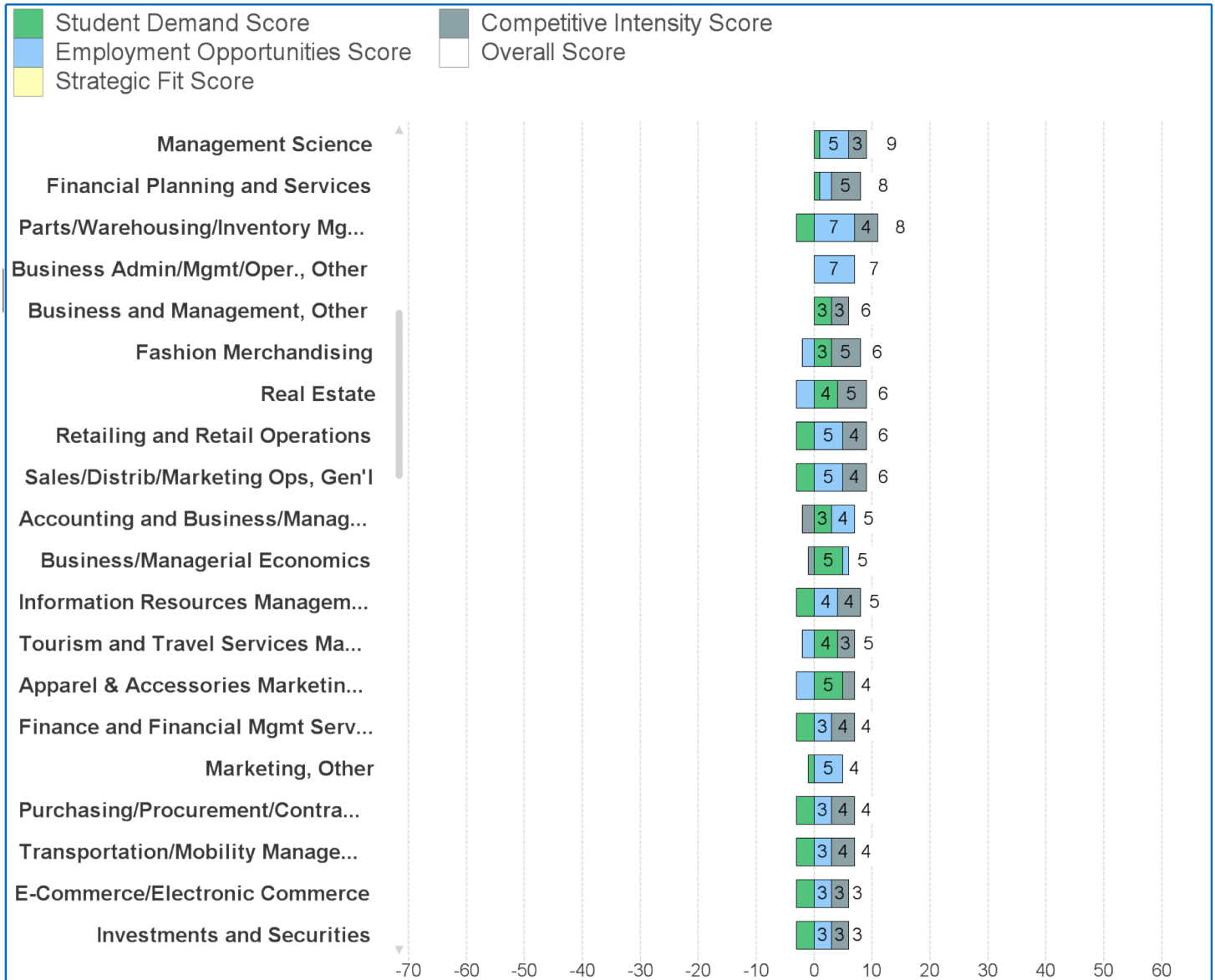
### Top 20



## Oklahoma Market: Business Program Ranking\* (Bachelor's Scoring)

Using the custom rubric, we ranked all business programs in the Oklahoma market.

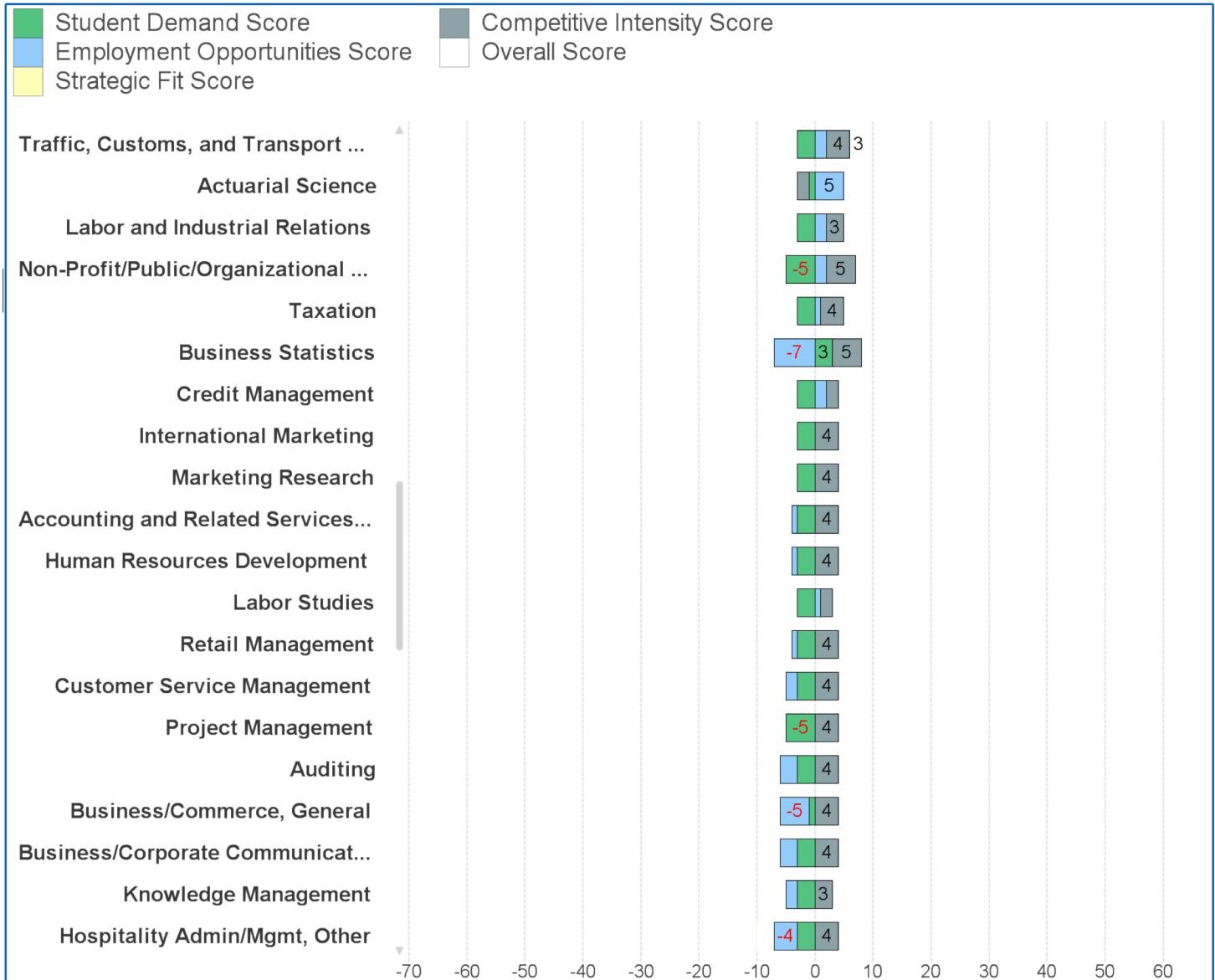
**#21-40**



## Oklahoma Market: Business Program Ranking\* (Bachelor's Scoring)

Using the custom rubric, we ranked all business programs in the Oklahoma market.

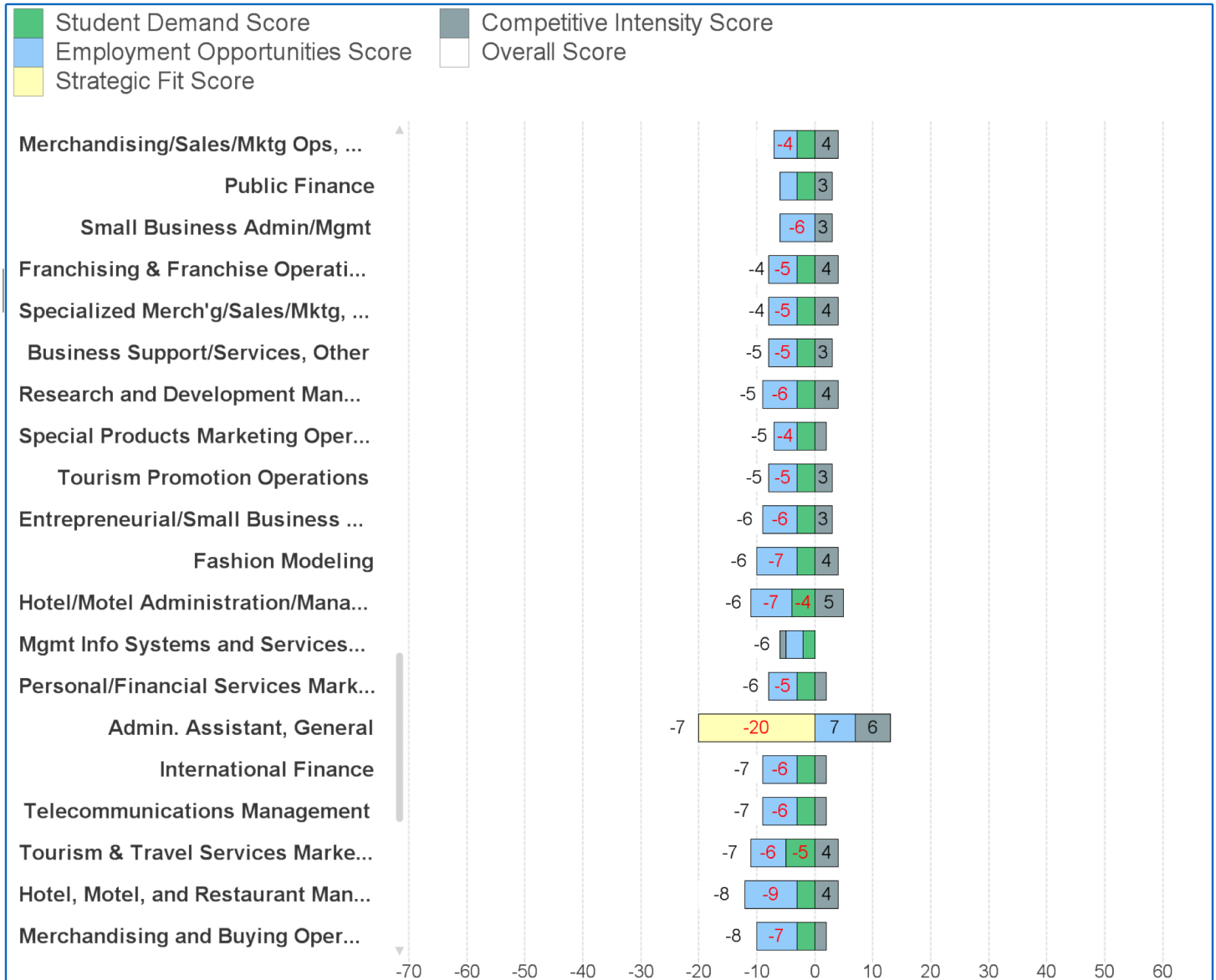
**#41-60**



## Oklahoma Market: Business Program Ranking\* (Bachelor's Scoring)

Using the custom rubric, we ranked all business programs in the Oklahoma market.

### #61-80

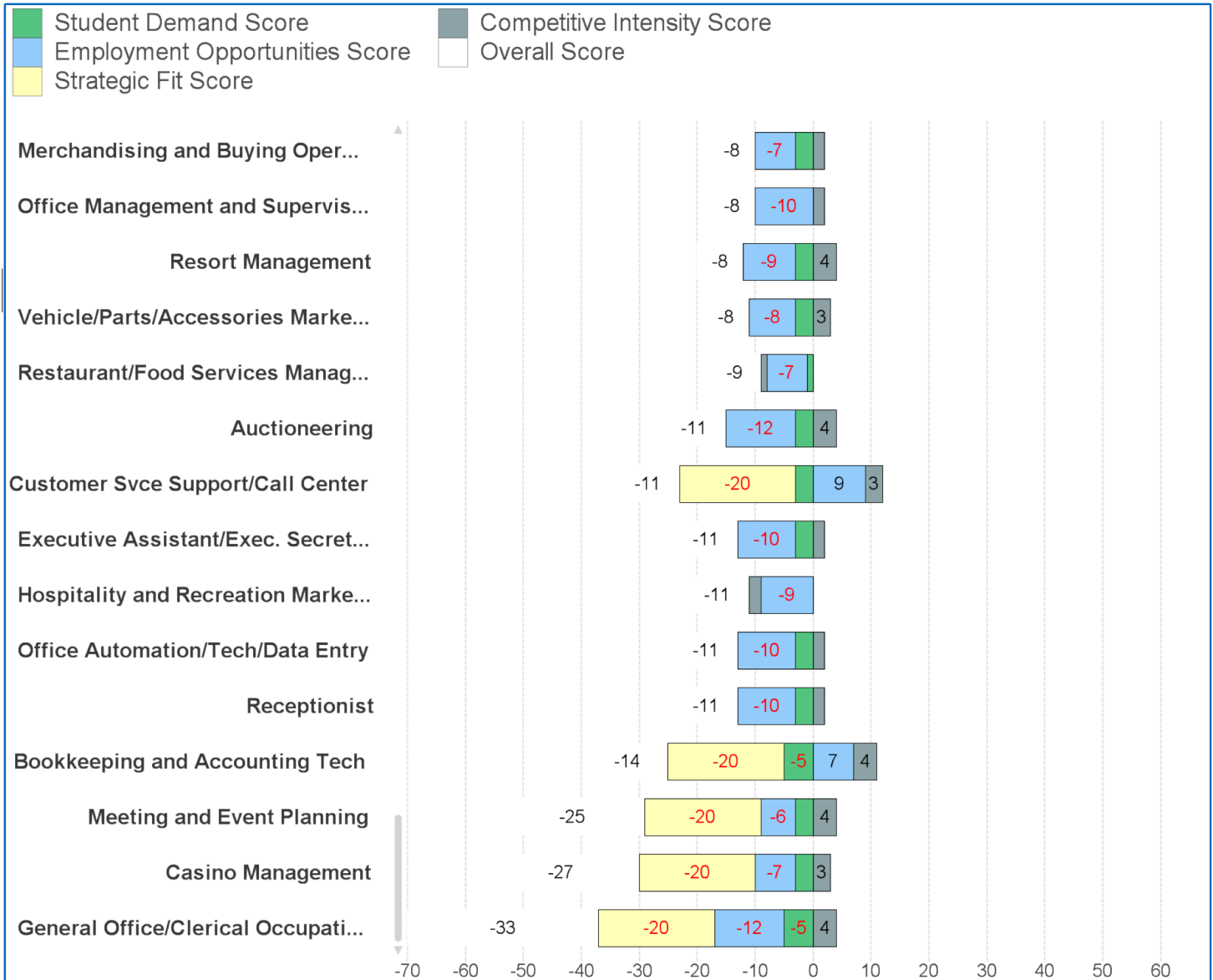




## Oklahoma Market: Business Program Ranking\* (Bachelor's Scoring)

Using the custom rubric, we ranked all business programs in the Oklahoma market.

**#81-100**




## Program Scorecard: Accounting Bachelor's

### Program Scorecard: 52.0301 - Accounting

GRAYASSOCIATES

Overall Score 33

Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total	Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total	
Inquiries	Total	726	7	20	Job Postings* 	Job Postings	2,040	5	12	
	Online	161				JP w/ EDU	1,261			
	Unit Change	57	1			% JP HS	32%			
	% Change	8.5%	0			% JP AA	7%			
	Certificate	0.0%				% JP BA	50%			
	Associates	0.0%				% JP MA	9%			
	Bachelors	89.2%				% JP Doc	2%			
	Masters	10.7%				Unit Change	-49	-1		
Doctoral	0.1%		% Change	-2.4%		0				
Google Search*	Total	10,280	7	BLS*		JP Per Grad*	2.7	0		
	Unit Change	-1,910	-1		Total	22,738	5			
	% Change	-15.7%	0		Job Openings	680	1			
Completions	Total	628	7		CAGR	2.3%	-1			
	Unit Change	-39	-1	Wages	\$34,735	1				
	% Change	-6%	0	Nat'l ACS Wage (Bachelors)	Age < 30	\$47,591	2			
Institutions	Total**	17	-2		Nat'l GE (2-Yr)	Age 30-60	\$96,856	0		
	YoY Change**	0	0	Placement Rates		Wages	NA	0		
Cost Per Inquriv	Average**	\$35	1		Certificate					
Market Saturation	Completions Per Capita**	0.67	2	Associates		0				
Google Search*	Cost Per Click**	\$9	0	National Percent of Workforce	No College	5%	0			
	Comp. Index**	0.34	0		Certificate	10%	0			
Program Size	Average	37	0		Associates	9%	0			
	Median	16	0		Bachelors	53%	0			
	Unit Change	-2	0	Graduate	23%	0				
	% Change	-11%	0	Percent of All Completions	Certificate	0%	0			
National Distance Education Competition	DE Institutions**	139			Associates	0%	0			
	% of Institutions	17%	0		Bachelors	83%	0			
	DE Completions**	8,561			Masters	17%	0			
	% of Completions	16%	0	Doctoral	0%					
Percentiles:	< 40%	40%+	70%+	90%+	95%+	98%+	NHEBI National 2-Yr	Cost Index**	0.67	0
								Stu:Faculty Index**	1.39	0

\* Google search, employment data and JRG Ratio do not filter by award level

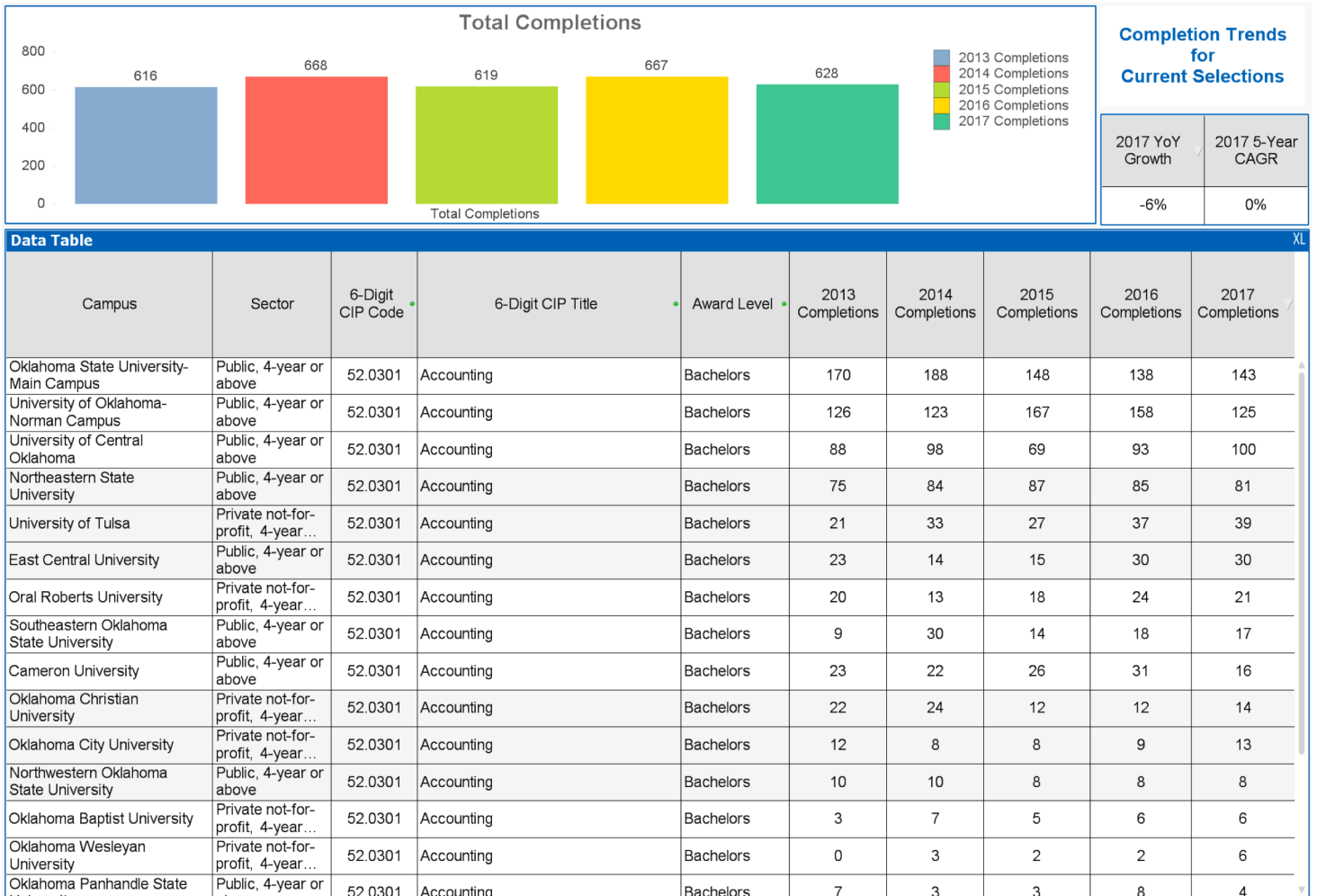
\* - Google search, employment data and JPG Ratio do not filter by award level.

\*\* - Color scale in reverse.

NA - No data available/not currently tracked.

2-Yr - Associates &amp; certificate programs only.

## Competition: Accounting Bachelor's




## Program Scorecard: Business Administration Bachelor's

### Program Scorecard: 52.0201 - Business Admin. and Mgmt, General

GRAYASSOCIATES

Overall Score33

Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total	Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total
Inquiries	Total	3,414	7	21	Job Postings* 	Job Postings	18,093	5	13
	Online	831				JP w/ EDU	9,905		
	Unit Change	130	1			% JP HS	34%		
	% Change	4.0%	0			% JP AA	4%		
	Certificate	0.7%				% JP BA	51%		
	Associates	16.3%				% JP MA	8%		
	Bachelors	58.2%				% JP Doc	2%		
	Masters	19.6%				Unit Change	-1,346	-1	
	Doctoral	5.0%				% Change	-6.9%	0	
Google Search*	Total	14,017	7	BLS*	Total	74,233	5		
	Unit Change	-2,450	-1		Job Openings	2,393	1		
	% Change	-14.9%	0		CAGR	2.4%	0		
Completions	Total	1,503	7		Wages	\$41,846	2		
	Unit Change	3	0	Age < 30	\$41,408	1			
	% Change	0%	0	Age 30-60	\$81,183	0			
Institutions	Total**	29	-2	Nat'l ACS Wage (Bachelors)	Age 30-60	\$81,183	0		
	YoY Change**	0	0	Nat'l GE (2-Yr)	Wages	NA	0		
Cost Per Inquiry	Average**	\$46	0	Placement Rates	Certificate				
Market Saturation	Completions Per Capita**	1.61	2		Associates		0		
Google Search*	Cost Per Click**	\$28	-1	National Percent of Workforce	No College	16%	0		
	Comp. Index**	0.54	0		Certificate	21%	0		
Program Size	Average	52	0		Associates	8%	0		
	Median	27	0		Bachelors	36%	0		
	Unit Change	-9	0		Graduate	20%	0		
	% Change	-25%	0		Certificate	4%	0		
National Distance Education Competition	DE Institutions**	422		Percent of All Completions	Associates	23%	0		
	% of Institutions	36%	0		Bachelors	46%	0		
	DE Completions**	67,579			Masters	26%	0		
	% of Completions	40%	0		Doctoral	1%			
Percentiles: < 40%40%+70%+90%+95%+98%+					NHEBI National 2-Yr	Cost Index**	0.67	0	
						Stu:Faculty Index**	1.26	0	

\*. Google search, employment data and IPG Ratio do not filter by award level

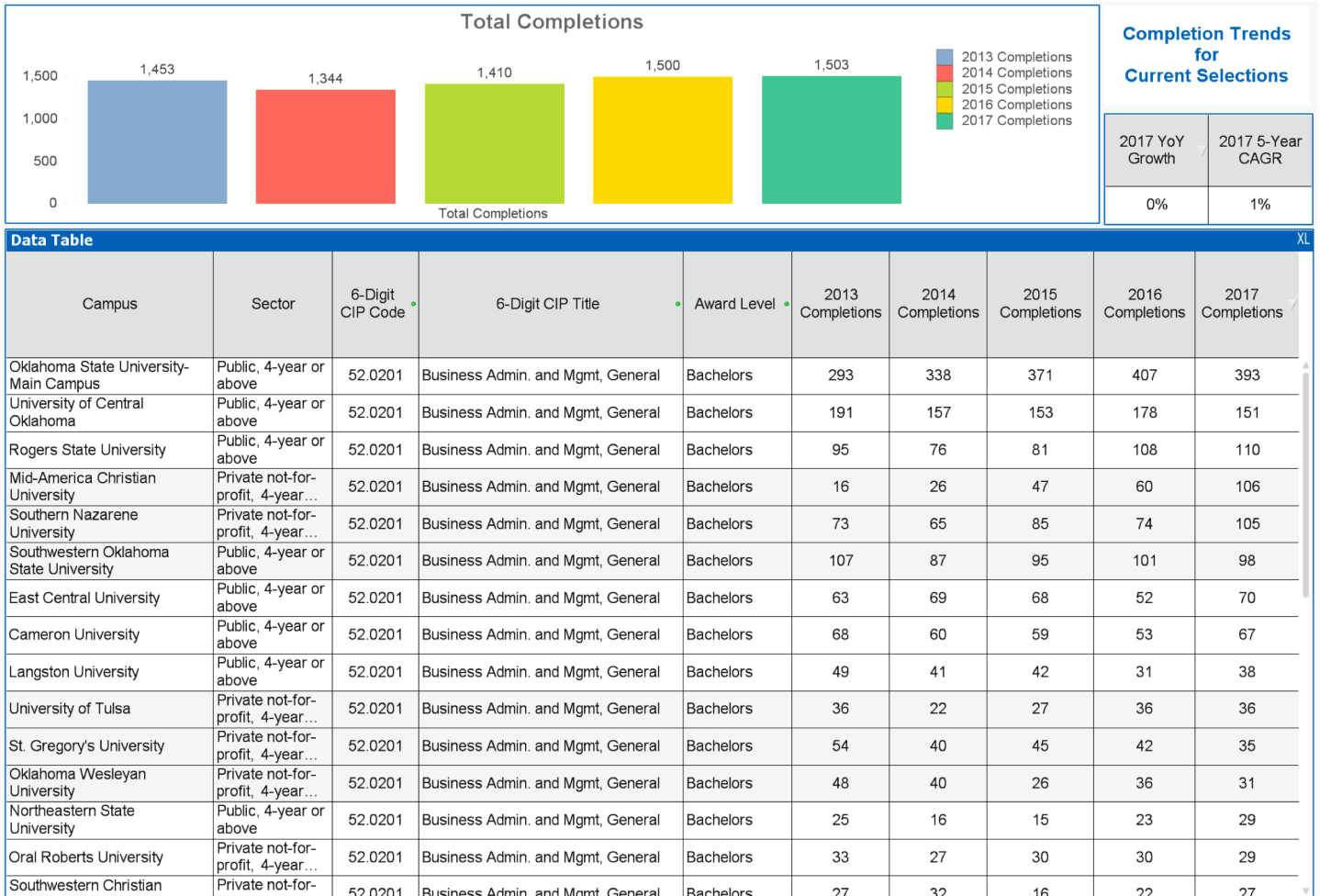
\* - Google search, employment data and JPG Ratio do not filter by award level.

\*\* - Color scale in reverse.

NA - No data available/not currently tracked.


2-Yr - Associates & certificate programs only.

## Competition: Business Administration Bachelor's



## Program Scorecard: Finance Bachelor's

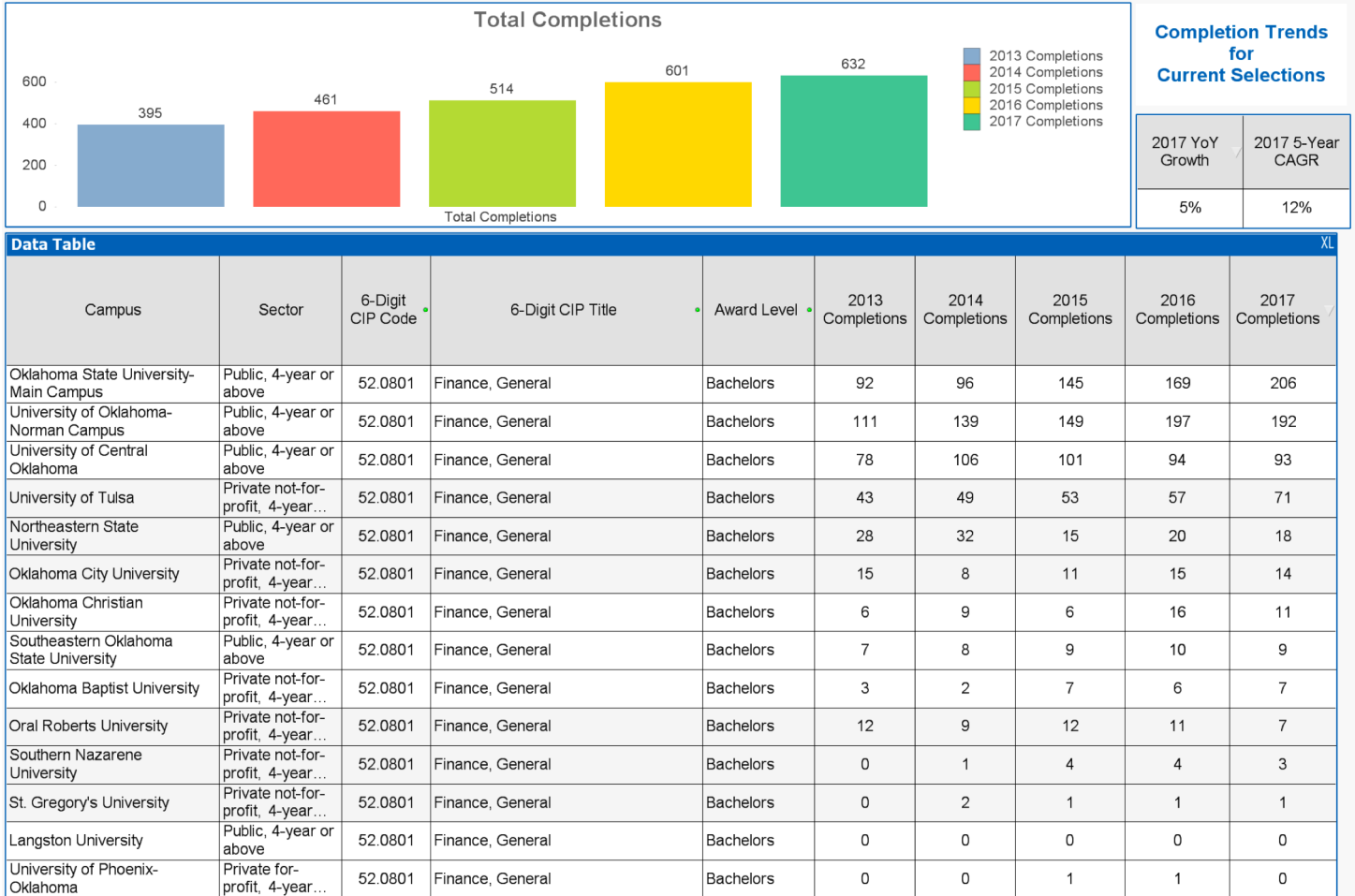
### Program Scorecard: 52.0801 - Finance, General

GRAYASSOCIATES					Overall Score 29				
Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total	Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total
Inquiries	Total	26	5	16	Job Postings* 	Job Postings	2,142	5	14
	Online	8				JP w/ EDU	1,753		
	Unit Change	-47	-1			% JP HS	13%		
	% Change	-64.4%	-1			% JP AA	3%		
	Certificate	0.0%				% JP BA	68%		
	Associates	0.0%				% JP MA	13%		
	Bachelors	78.8%				% JP Doc	4%		
	Masters	21.2%				Unit Change	-82	-1	
	Doctoral	0.0%				% Change	-3.7%	0	
Google Search*	Total	1,130	5	BLS*	JP Per Grad*	3.2	0		
	Unit Change	40	0		Total	11,602	5		
	% Change	3.7%	0		Job Openings	364	1		
Completions	Total	632	7		CAGR	2.4%	-1		
	Unit Change	31	1	Wages	\$41,249	2			
	% Change	5%	0						
Institutions	Total**	12	-1	Nat'l ACS Wage (Bachelors)	Age < 30	\$53,892	3		
	YoY Change**	-1	0		Age 30-60	\$112,031	0		
Cost Per Inquirv	Average**	\$52	0	Nat'l GE (2-Yr)	Wages	NA	0		
Market Saturation	Completions Per Capita**	0.67	1		Placement Rates	Certificate			
				Associates			0		
Google Search*	Cost Per Click**	\$7	0	National Percent of Workforce	No College	10%	0		
	Comp. Index**	0.62	0		Certificate	18%	0		
Program Size	Average	53	0		Associates	7%	0		
	Median	13	-1		Bachelors	42%	0		
	Unit Change	-3	0		Graduate	23%	0		
	% Change	-19%	0						
National Distance Education Competition	DE Institutions**	50		Percent of All Completions	Certificate	0%	0		
	% of Institutions	11%	0		Associates	0%	0		
	DE Completions**	2,807			Bachelors	93%	0		
	% of Completions	7%	0		Masters	7%	0		
Percentiles:	< 40%	40%+	70%+		90%+	95%+	98%+		
					NHEBI National 2-Yr	Cost Index**	0.90	0	
						Stu:Faculty Index**	1.14	0	

\* Google search, employment data and JPC Ratio do not filter by upward level

\* - Google search, employment data and JPG Ratio do not filter by award level.  
 \*\* - Color scale in reverse.  
 NA - No data available/not currently tracked.  
 2-Yr - Associates & certificate programs only.


## Competition: Finance Bachelor's





## Program Scorecard: Marketing Bachelor's

### Program Scorecard: 52.1401 - Marketing/Marketing Mgmt, General

GRAYASSOCIATES				Overall Score		27				
Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total	Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total	
Inquiries	Total	318	7	18	Job Postings* 	Job Postings	6,163	5	13	
	Online	39				JP w/ EDU	3,242			
	Unit Change	-45	-1			% JP HS	50%			
	% Change	-12.4%	0			% JP AA	11%			
	Certificate	0.8%				% JP BA	33%			
	Associates	3.2%				% JP MA	6%			
	Bachelors	85.4%				% JP Doc	1%			
	Masters	10.0%				Unit Change	-263	-1		
	Doctoral	0.0%				% Change	-4.1%	0		
Google Search*	Total	1,420	5	BLS*	Total	23,617	5			
	Unit Change	-40	-1		Job Openings	931	1			
	% Change	-2.7%	0		CAGR	3.0%	0			
Completions	Total	594	7		Wages	\$38,452	1			
	Unit Change	64	1	Age < 30	\$41,175	1				
	% Change	12%	0	Age 30-60	\$83,214	0				
Institutions	Total**	14	-1	Nat'l ACS Wage (Bachelors)						
	YoY Change**	1	-1	Nat'l GE (2-Yr)	Wages	NA	0			
	Average**	\$45	0	Placement Rates	Certificate					
	Market Saturation	Completions Per Capita**	0.63		1	Associates		0		
	Google Search*	Cost Per Click**	\$36	-1	National Percent of Workforce	No College	6%	0		
Comp. Index**		0.84	-1	Certificate		12%	0			
Program Size	Average	42	0	Associates		5%	0			
	Median	14	-1	Bachelors		53%	0			
	Unit Change	1	0	Graduate		23%	0			
	% Change	4%	0	Certificate	7%	0				
National Distance Education Competition	DE Institutions**	93		Percent of All Completions	Associates	4%	0			
	% of Institutions	17%	0		Bachelors	87%	0			
	DE Completions**	4,731			Masters	2%	0			
	% of Completions	12%	0		Doctoral	0%				
Percentiles:	< 40%	40%+	70%+	90%+	95%+	98%+	NHEBI National 2-Yr	Cost Index**	0.60	0
								Stu:Faculty Index**	1.28	0
* Google search, employment data, and IPG Ratio do not filter by award level										

\* - Google search, employment data and JPG Ratio do not filter by award level.

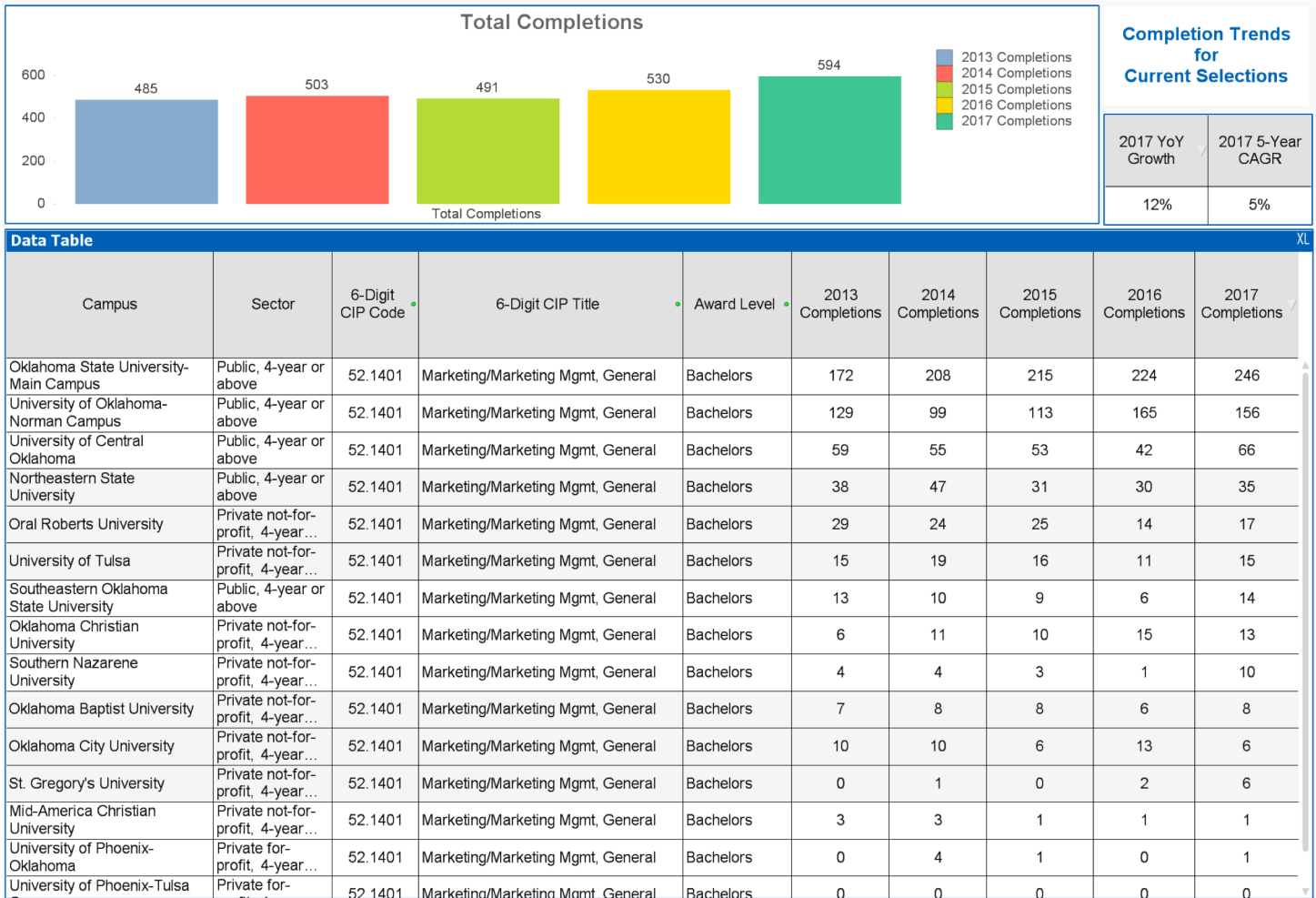
\*\* - Color scale in reverse.

NA - No data available/not currently tracked.

2-Yr - Associates & certificate programs only.



## Competition: Marketing Bachelor's




## Program Scorecard: International Business Bachelor's

### Program Scorecard: 52.1101 - International Business/Trade

GRAYASSOCIATES

Overall Score19

Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total	Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total	
Inquiries	Total	11	5	11	Job Postings* 	Job Postings	440	3	6	
	Online	7				JP w/ EDU	221			
	Unit Change	-9	-1			% JP HS	31%			
	% Change	-45.0%	0			% JP AA	3%			
	Certificate	0.0%				% JP BA	56%			
	Associates	0.0%				% JP MA	9%			
	Bachelors	55.0%				% JP Doc	2%			
	Masters	40.0%				Unit Change	-45	-1		
	Doctoral	5.0%				% Change	-9.3%	0		
Google Search*	Total	663	3	3	BLS*	Total	1,375	1	1	
	Unit Change	-40	-1			Job Openings	46	0		
	% Change	-5.7%	0			CAGR	2.5%	0		
Completions	Total	95	5	5	Nat'l ACS Wage (Bachelors)	Wages	\$42,341	2	2	
	Unit Change	6	0			Age < 30	\$42,083	1		
	% Change	7%	0			Age 30-60	\$82,481	0		
Institutions	Total**	7	0	0	Nat'l GE (2-Yr)	Wages	NA	0	0	
	YoY Change**	0	0			Certificate				
	Cost Per Inquirv	Average**	\$56			Associates		0		
Market Saturation	Completions Per Capita**	0.10	1	1	Placement Rates				0	
	Cost Per Click**	\$3	1							
	Comp. Index**	0.31	0							
Program Size	Average	14	0	0	National Percent of Workforce	No College	15%	0	0	
	Median	9	-1			Certificate	22%	0		
	Unit Change	2	0			Associates	8%	0		
	% Change	29%	1			Bachelors	35%	0		
National Distance Education Competition	DE Institutions**	28		2	Percent of All Completions	Graduate	20%	0	0	
	% of Institutions	9%	0			Certificate	3%	0		
	DE Completions**	1,093				Associates	4%	0		
	% of Completions	17%	0			Bachelors	81%	0		
Percentiles: < 40%40%+70%+90%+95%+98%+					NHEBI National 2-Yr	Masters	12%	0	0	
						Doctoral	0%			
					NHEBI National 2-Yr	Cost Index**	NA	0	0	
						Stu:Faculty Index**	NA	0		

Google search, employment data and JPC Ratio do not filter by award level

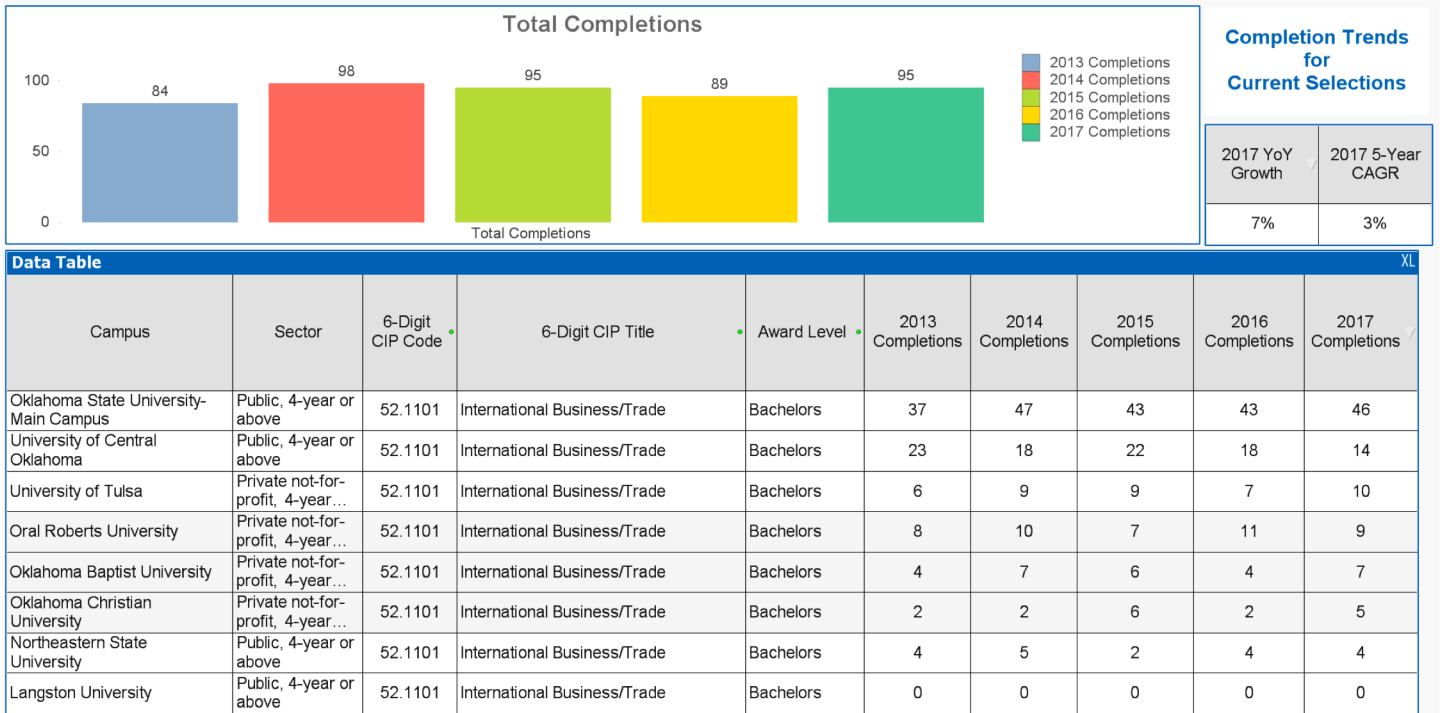
\* - Google search, employment data and JPG Ratio do not filter by award level.

\*\* - Color scale in reverse.

NA - No data available/not currently tracked.

2-Yr - Associates & certificate programs only.

## Competition: International Business Bachelor's




## Program Scorecard: Management Science Bachelor's

### Program Scorecard: 52.1301 - Management Science

GRAYASSOCIATES

Overall Score 9

Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total	Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total
Inquiries	Total	0	0	1	Job Postings* 	Job Postings	291	1	5
	Online	0				JP w/ EDU	211		
	Unit Change	-13	-1			% JP HS	6%		
	% Change	-100.0%	-1			% JP AA	6%		
	Certificate	0.0%				% JP BA	63%		
	Associates	0.0%				% JP MA	18%		
	Bachelors	0.0%				% JP Doc	7%		
	Masters	25.0%				Unit Change	-2	-1	
	Doctoral	75.0%				% Change	-0.8%	0	
Google Search*	Total	NA	0	BLS*		Total	1,290	1	
	Unit Change	NA	0		Job Openings	41	0		
	% Change	NA	0		CAGR	2.3%	-1		
Completions	Total	48	3	Wages	\$42,051	2			
	Unit Change	5	0	Nat'l ACS Wage (Bachelors)	Age < 30	\$53,384		3	
	% Change	12%	0	Age 30-60	\$91,139	0			
Institutions	Total**	2	1	Nat'l GE (2-Yr)	Wages	NA	0		
	YoY Change**	0	0		Placement Rates	Certificate			0
	Average**		0			Associates			
Cost Per Inquirv	Average**		0	National Percent of Workforce	No College	9%	0		
Market Saturation	Completions Per Capita**	0.05	2		Certificate	18%	0		
Google Search*	Cost Per Click**	NA	0		Associates	7%	0		
	Comp. Index**	NA	0		Bachelors	39%	0		
	Average	24	0		Graduate	27%	0		
Program Size	Median	24	0	Percent of All Completions	Certificate	0%	0	0	
	Unit Change	3	0		Associates	54%	0		
	% Change	12%	0		Bachelors	46%	0		
National Distance Education Competition	DE Institutions**	8			Masters	0%	0		
	% of Institutions	11%	0		Doctoral	0%			
	DE Completions**	206		NHEBI National 2-Yr	Cost Index**	NA	0		
Percentiles:	% of Completions	5%	0			Stu:Faculty Index**	NA	0	

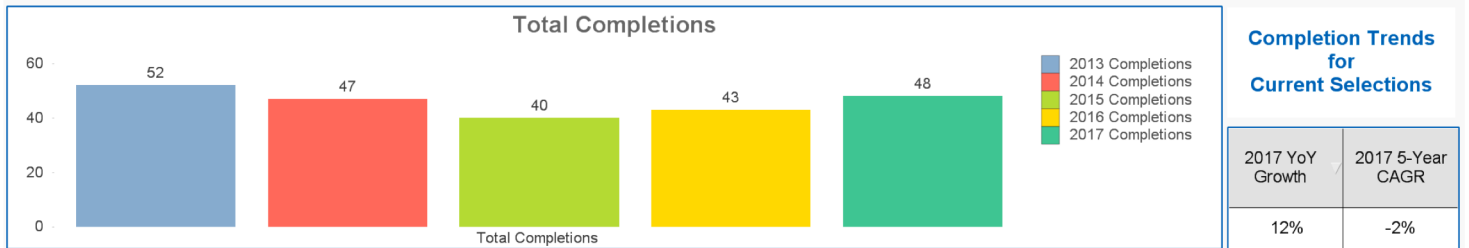
\* - Google search, employment data and JPG Ratio do not filter by award level.

\*\* - Color scale in reverse.

NA - No data available/not currently tracked.

2-Yr - Associates &amp; certificate programs only.

## Competition: Management Science Bachelor's




Data Table										XL
Campus	Sector	6-Digit CIP Code	6-Digit CIP Title	Award Level	2013 Completions	2014 Completions	2015 Completions	2016 Completions	2017 Completions	
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	Public, 4-year or above	52.1301	Management Science	Bachelors	39	37	24	30	34	
Oral Roberts University	Private not-for-profit, 4-year...	52.1301	Management Science	Bachelors	13	10	16	13	14	
Oklahoma State University-Main Campus	Public, 4-year or above	52.1301	Management Science	Bachelors	0	0	0	0	0	
University of Oklahoma-Norman Campus	Public, 4-year or above	52.1301	Management Science	Bachelors	0	0	0	0	0	

## Program Scorecard: Business, Other Bachelor's

### Program Scorecard: 52.0299 - Business Admin/Mgmt/Oper., Other

GRAYASSOCIATES

Overall Score 7

Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total	Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total
Inquiries	Total	0	0	0	Job Postings* 	Job Postings	400	3	7
	Online	0				JP w/ EDU	231		
	Unit Change	-2	-1			% JP HS	49%		
	% Change	-100.0%	-1			% JP AA	5%		
	Certificate	0.0%				% JP BA	40%		
	Associates	0.0%				% JP MA	5%		
	Bachelors	0.0%				% JP Doc	2%		
	Masters	100.0%				Unit Change	-10	-1	
	Doctoral	0.0%				% Change	-2.4%	0	
Google Search*	Total	NA	0	BLS*		Total	3,369	3	
	Unit Change	NA	0		Job Openings	81	1		
	% Change	NA	0		CAGR	1.7%	-1		
Completions	Total	16	3	Wages		0	0		
	Unit Change	-1	-1	Nat'l ACS Wage (Bachelors)	Age < 30	\$42,369		1	
	% Change	-6%	0	Age 30-60	\$81,050	0			
Institutions	Total**	3	0	Nat'l GE (2-Yr)	Wages	NA	0	0	
	YoY Change**	0	0	Placement Rates	Certificate				
	Cost Per Inquirv	Average**			Associates		0		
Market Saturation	Completions Per Capita**	0.02	2	National Percent of Workforce	No College	0%	0	0	
Google Search*	Cost Per Click**	NA	0		Certificate	0%	0		
	Comp. Index**	NA	0		Associates	0%	0		
	Program Size	Average	5		-1	Bachelors	0%		0
Median		6	-2		Graduate	0%	0		
Unit Change		3	0		Percent of All Completions	Certificate	0%		0
% Change		100%	1	Associates		0%	0		
National Distance Education Competition	DE Institutions**	57		Bachelors		31%	0		
	% of Institutions	42%	0	Masters		69%	0		
	DE Completions**	6,639		Doctoral	0%				
	% of Completions	71%	0	NHEBI National 2-Yr	Cost Index**	0.74	0		
Percentiles: < 40% 40%+ 70%+ 90%+ 95%+ 98%+					Stu:Faculty Index**	1.19	0		

\* Google search, employment data and JRC Ratio do not filter by award level.

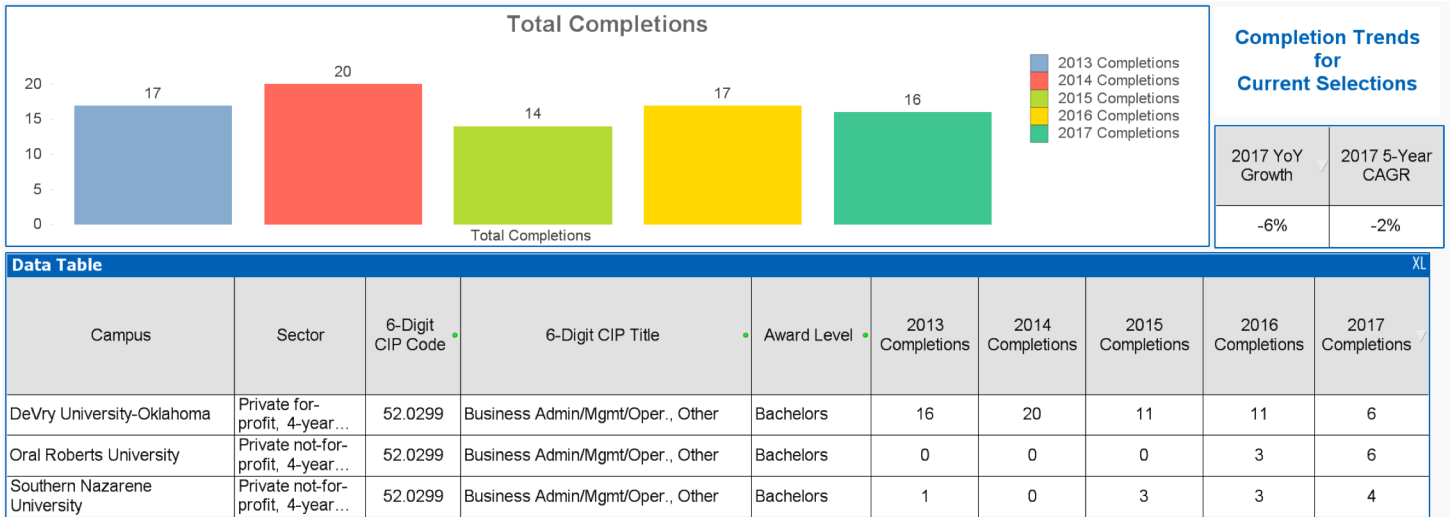
\* - Google search, employment data and JPG Ratio do not filter by award level.

\*\* - Color scale in reverse.

NA - No data available/not currently tracked.

2-Yr - Associates &amp; certificate programs only.

## Competition: Business, Other Bachelor's




## Program Scorecard: Organizational Leadership Bachelor's

### Program Scorecard: 52.0213 - Organizational Leadership

GRAYASSOCIATES

Overall Score 18

Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total	Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total
Inquiries	Total	113	7	18	Job Postings* 	Job Postings	90	0	-1
	Online	72				JP w/ EDU	56		
	Unit Change	58	1			% JP HS	35%		
	% Change	105.5%	1			% JP AA	4%		
	Certificate	0.0%				% JP BA	49%		
	Associates	0.0%				% JP MA	8%		
	Bachelors	21.8%				% JP Doc	3%		
	Masters	58.7%				Unit Change	-3	-1	
	Doctoral	19.5%				% Change	-2.8%	0	
Google Search*	Total	923	3	BLS*		Total	708	0	
	Unit Change	40	0		Job Openings	18	0		
	% Change	4.5%	0		CAGR	1.8%	-1		
Completions	Total	91	5		Wages	\$36,919	1		
	Unit Change	17	1	Nat'l ACS Wage (Bachelors)	Age < 30	\$42,369	1		
	% Change	23%	0	Age 30-60	\$81,050	0			
Institutions	Total**	3	0	Nat'l GE (2-Yr)	Wages	NA	0		
	YoY Change**	0	0	Placement Rates	Certificate				
Cost Per Inquiry	Average**	\$52	0		Associates		0		
Market Saturation	Completions Per Capita**	0.10	1	National Percent of Workforce	No College	5%	0		
Google Search*	Cost Per Click**	\$20	0		Certificate	11%	0		
	Comp. Index**	0.82	-1		Associates	5%	0		
Program Size	Average	30	0		Bachelors	38%	0		
	Median	17	0		Graduate	42%	0		
	Unit Change	8	0	Percent of All Completions	Certificate	0%	0		
	% Change	89%	1		Associates	0%	0		
National Distance Education Competition	DE Institutions**	73			Bachelors	65%	0		
	% of Institutions	59%	0		Masters	35%	0		
	DE Completions**	2,887		Doctoral	0%				
					NHEBI National 2-Yr	Cost Index**	NA	0	
						Stu:Faculty Index**	NA	0	
Percentiles: < 40% 40%+ 70%+ 90%+ 95%+ 98%+					* Google search, employment data and IPC Ratio do not filter by award level				

\* - Google search, employment data and JPG Ratio do not filter by award level.

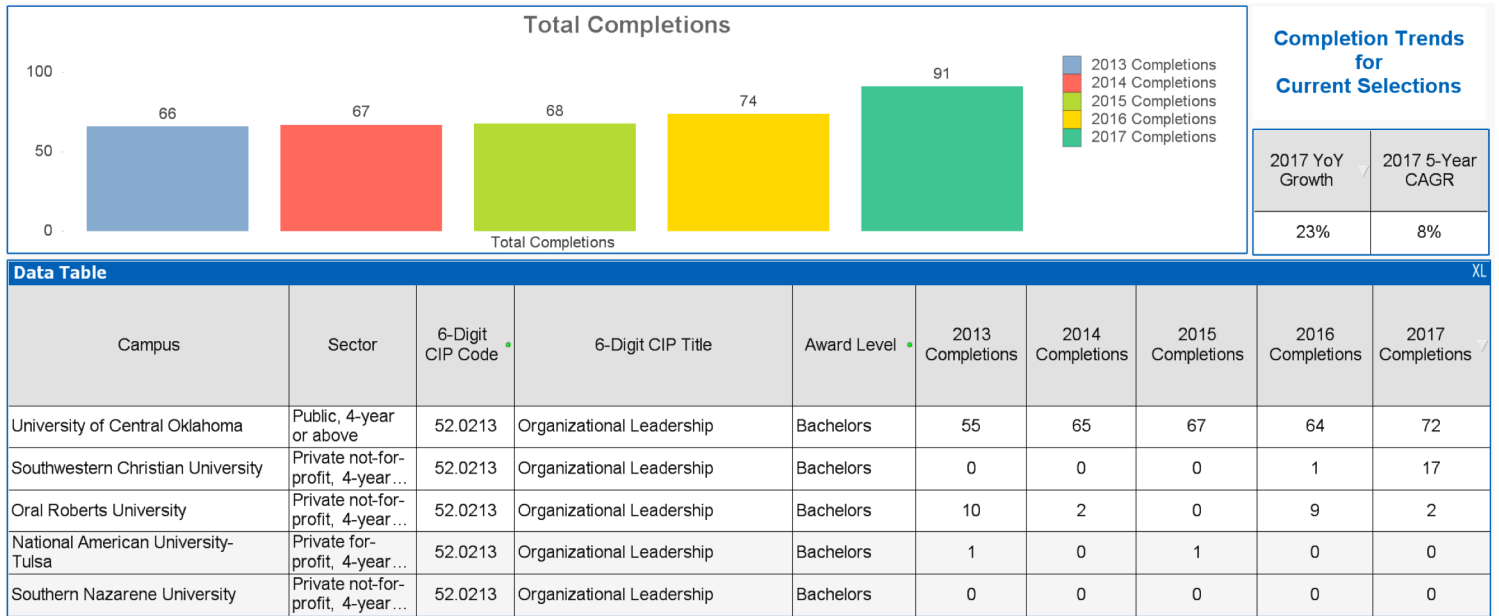
\*\* - Color scale in reverse.

NA - No data available/not currently tracked.

2-Yr - Associates &amp; certificate programs only.



## Competition: Organizational Leadership Bachelor's



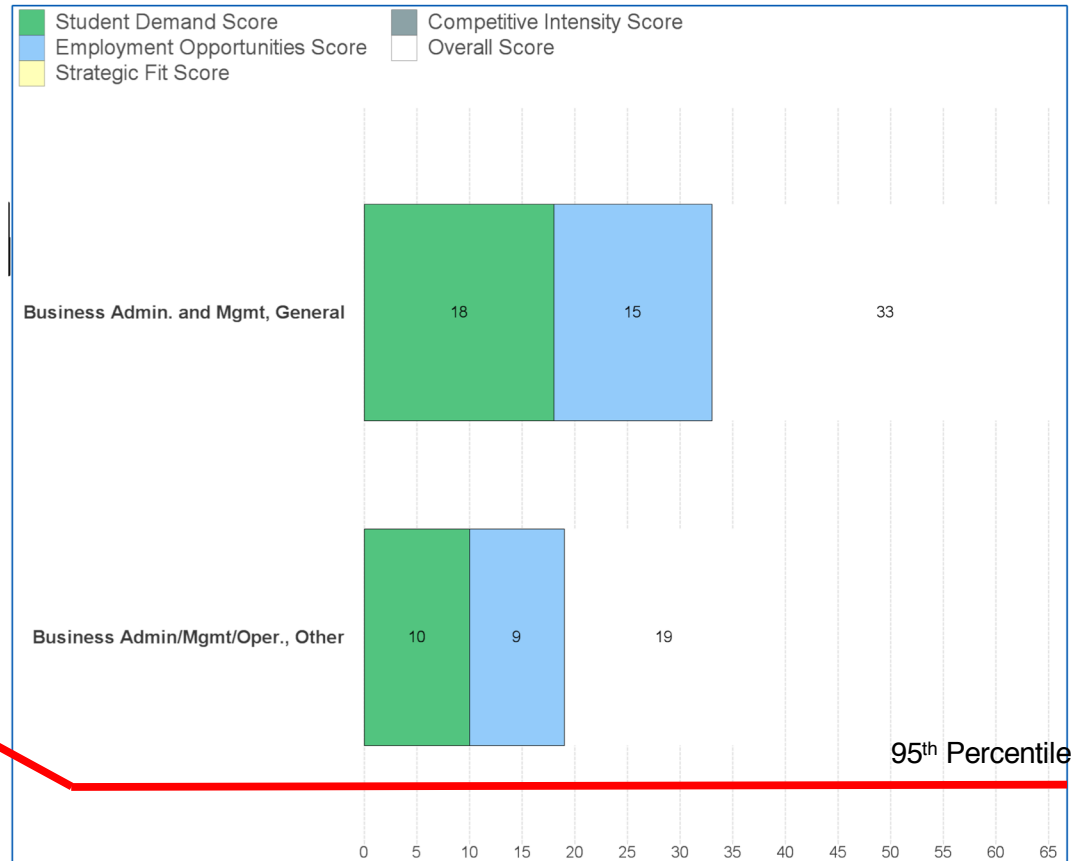
## ORU College of Business: Current Master's Programs

The chart below shows the rank of ORU's undergraduate business programs.

### Current Selections

Award Level ✕ Masters, Unknown  
Market ✕ Oklahoma  
6-Digit CIP ✕ 52.0201,52.0299  
2-Digit CIP ✕ 52

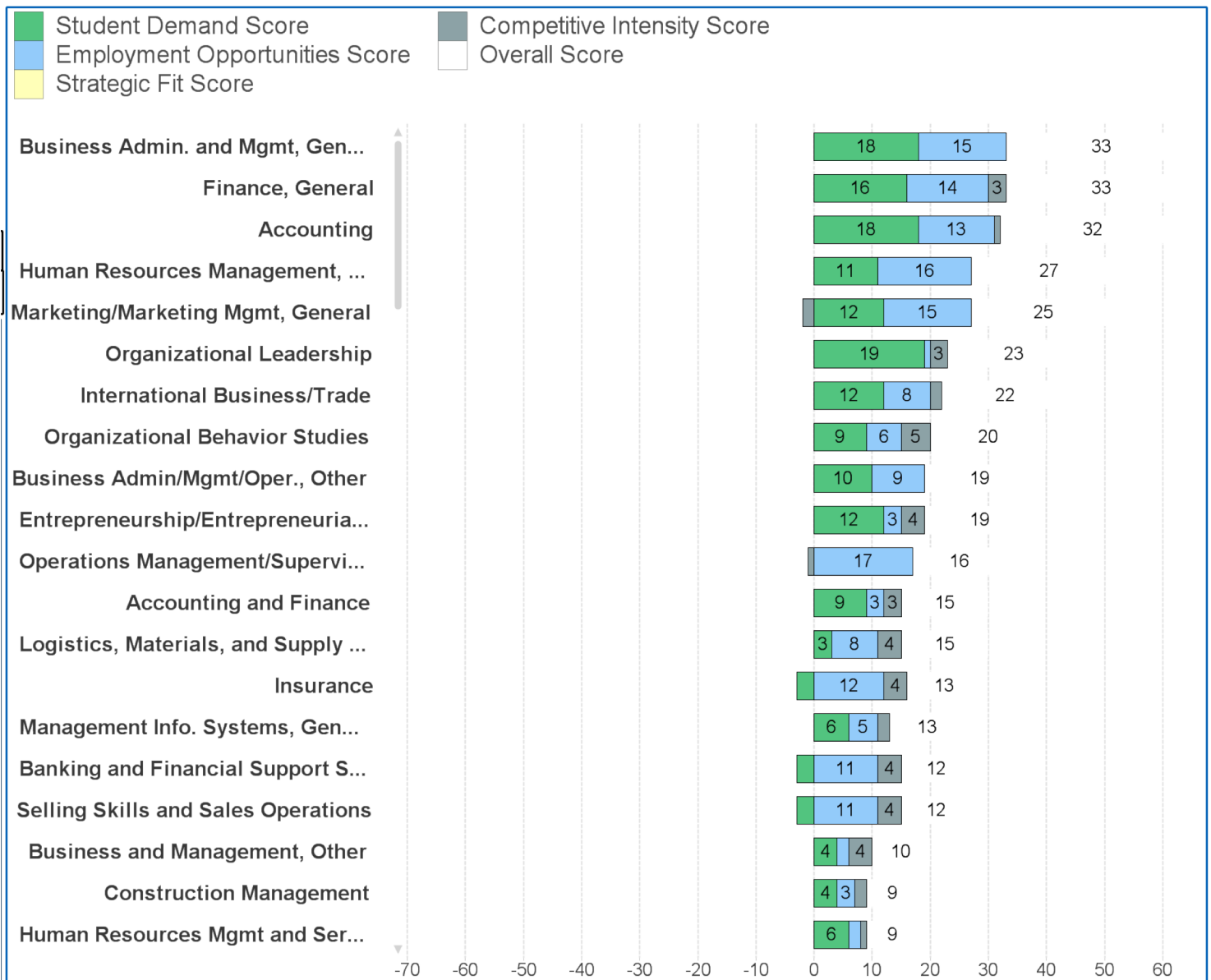
Percentile	Overall Score
98th	22
95th	13+
90th	8+
70th	1+
40th	-4+
Below 40th	< -4



## Oklahoma Market: Business Program Ranking\* (Master's Scoring)

Using the custom rubric, we ranked all business programs in the Oklahoma market.

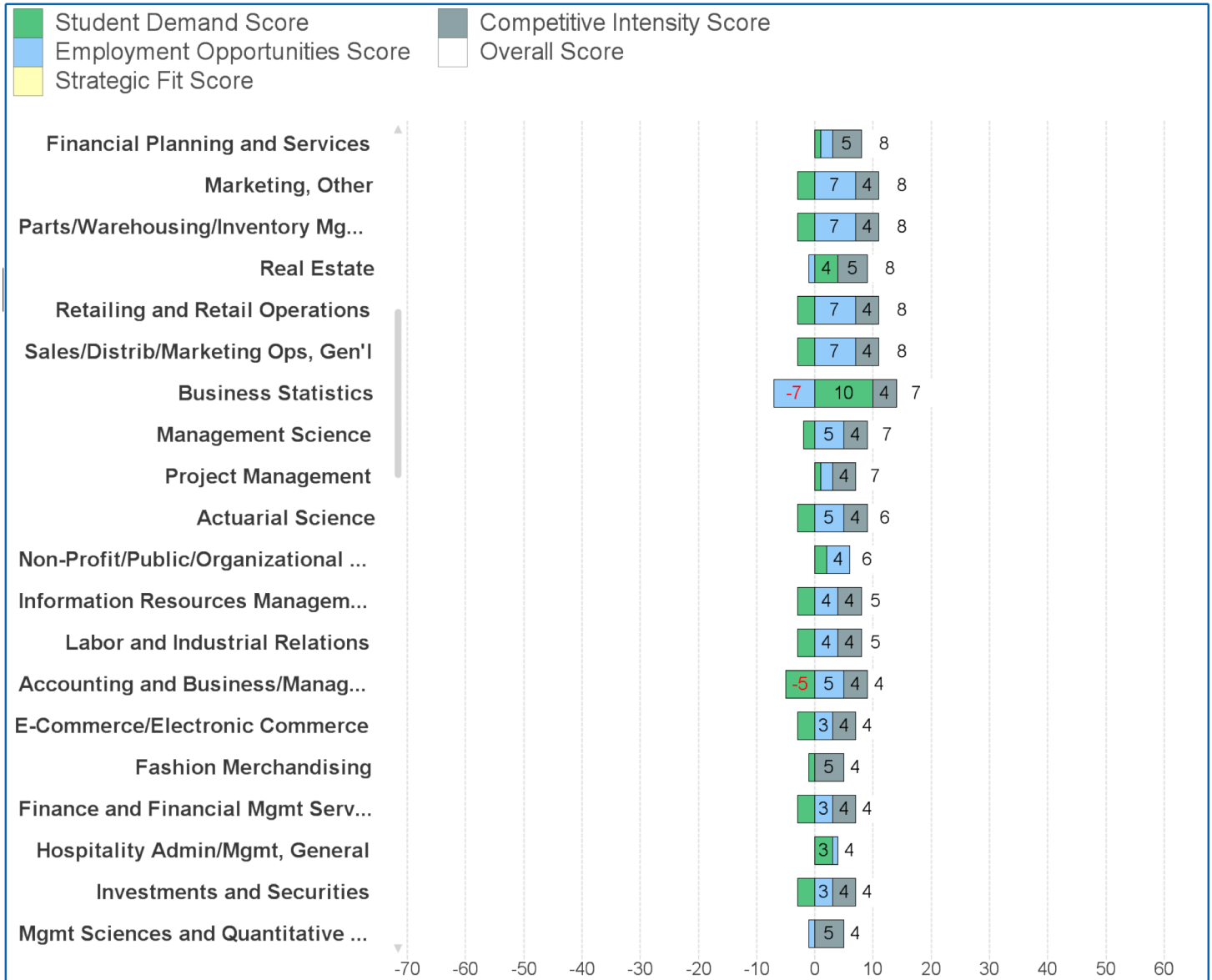
### Top 20



## Oklahoma Market: Business Program Ranking\* (Master's Scoring)

Using the custom rubric, we ranked all business programs in the Oklahoma market.

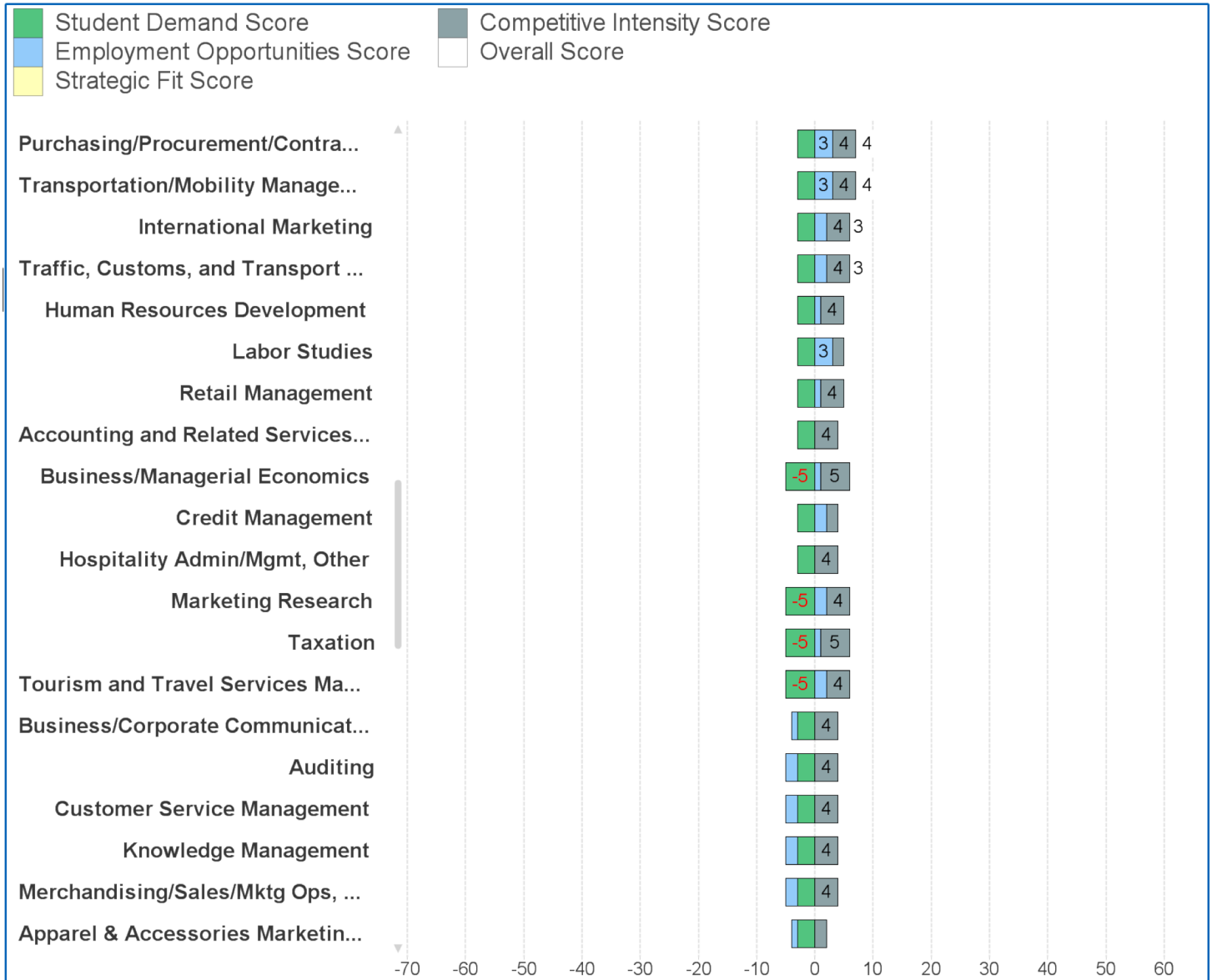
#21-40



## Oklahoma Market: Business Program Ranking\* (Master's Scoring)

Using the custom rubric, we ranked all business programs in the Oklahoma market.

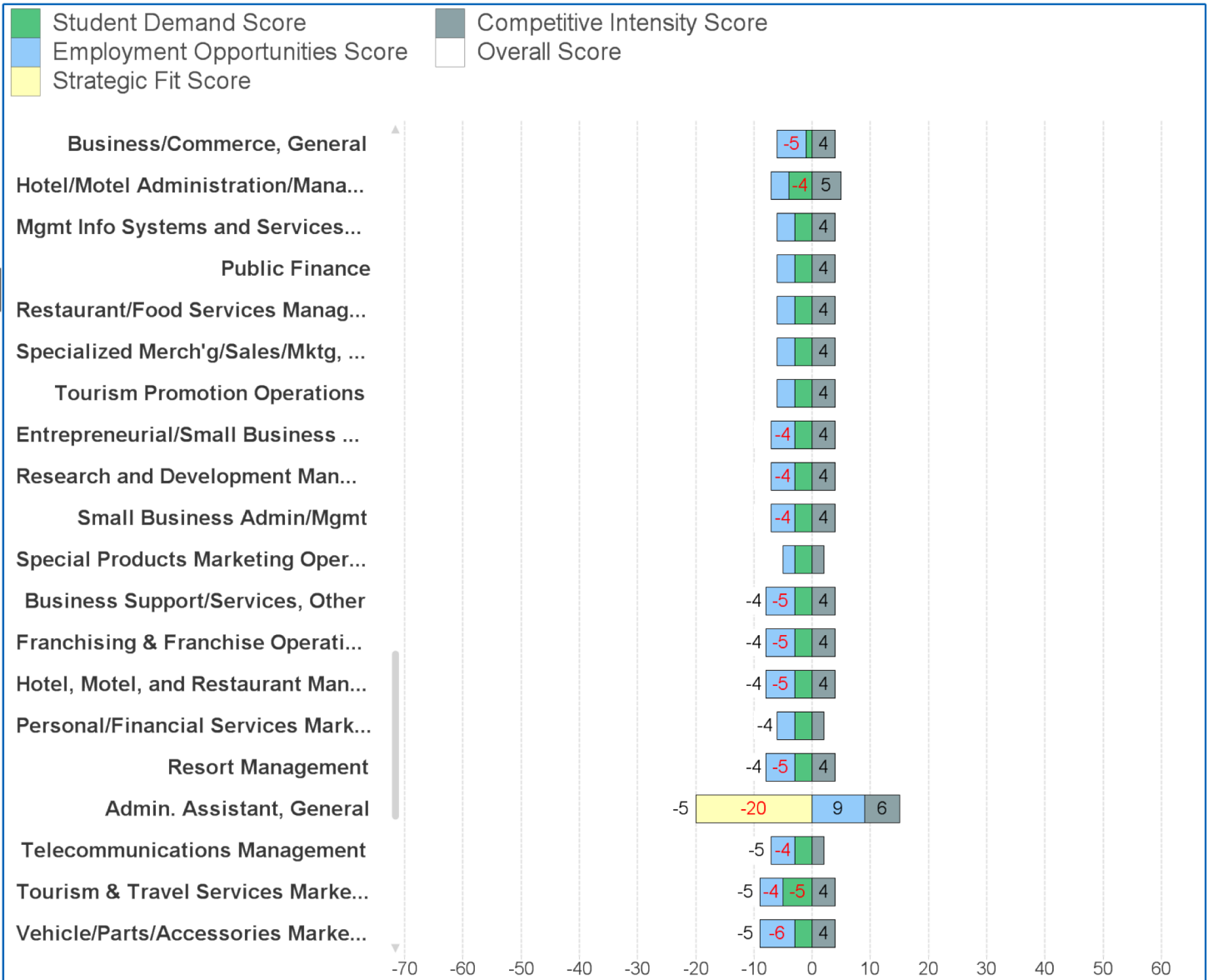
#41-60



## Oklahoma Market: Business Program Ranking\* (Master's Scoring)

Using the custom rubric, we ranked all business programs in the Oklahoma market.

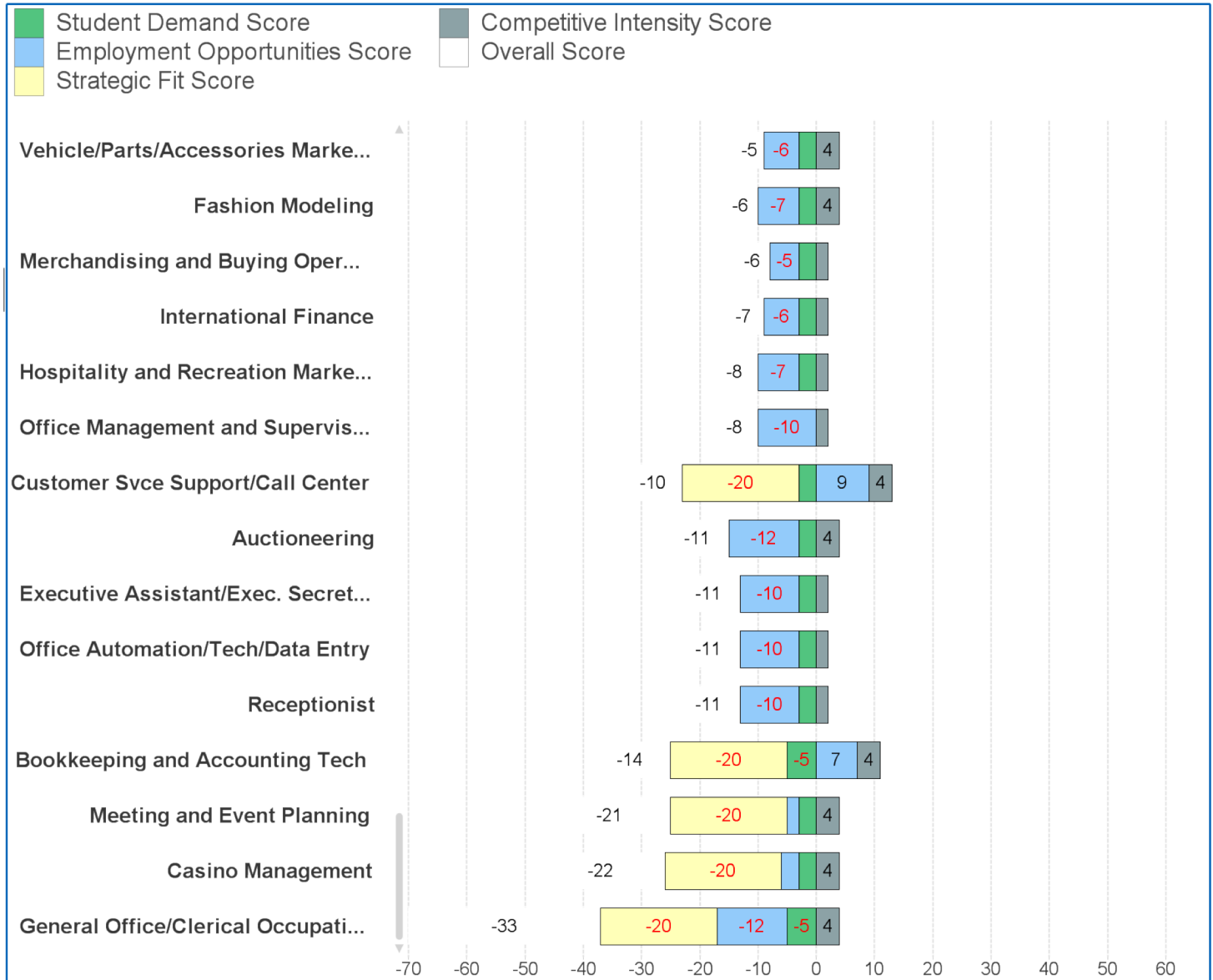
#61-80



## Oklahoma Market: Business Program Ranking\* (Master's Scoring)

Using the custom rubric, we ranked all business programs in the Oklahoma market.

#81-100




## Program Scorecard: MBA

### Program Scorecard: 52.0201 - Business Admin. and Mgmt, General

GRAYASSOCIATES

Overall Score33

Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total	Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total
Inquiries	Total	1,159	7	18	Job Postings* 	Job Postings	18,093	5	15
	Online	975				JP w/ EDU	9,905		
	Unit Change	-183	-1			% JP HS	34%		
	% Change	-13.6%	0			% JP AA	4%		
	Certificate	0.7%				% JP BA	51%		
	Associates	16.3%				% JP MA	8%		
	Bachelors	58.2%				% JP Doc	2%		
	Masters	19.6%				Unit Change	-1,346	-1	
	Doctoral	5.0%				% Change	-6.9%	0	
Google Search*	Total	14,017	7	BLS*	Total	74,233	5	0	
	Unit Change	-2,450	-1		Job Openings	2,393	1		
	% Change	-14.9%	0		CAGR	2.4%	0		
Completions	Total	812	7	Wages	\$41,846	2			
	Unit Change	-62	-1	Age < 30	\$41,408	0			
	% Change	-7%	0	Age 30-60	\$81,183	3			
Institutions	Total**	19	-2	Nat'l ACS Wage (Bachelors)					
	YoY Change**	0	0	Nat'l GE (2-Yr)	Wages	NA	0		
	Average**	\$46	0	Placement Rates	Certificate				
Cost Per Inquirv	Completions Per Capita**	0.87	2		Associates		0		
Google Search*	Cost Per Click**	\$28	-1	National Percent of Workforce	No College	16%	0		
	Comp. Index**	0.54	0		Certificate	21%	0		
	Average	43	0		Associates	8%	0		
Program Size	Median	36	1		Bachelors	36%	0		
	Unit Change	5	0		Graduate	20%	0		
	% Change	16%	0	Percent of All Completions	Certificate	4%	0		
National Distance Education Competition	DE Institutions**	419			Associates	23%	0		
	% of Institutions	55%	0		Bachelors	46%	0		
	DE Completions**	65,960			Masters	26%	0		
	% of Completions	57%	0		Doctoral	1%			
Percentiles: < 40%40%+70%+90%+95%+98%+					NHEBI National 2-Yr	Cost Index**	0.67		0
						Stu:Faculty Index**	1.26	0	

\*. Google search, employment data and IPG Ratio do not filter by award level.

\* - Google search, employment data and JPG Ratio do not filter by award level.

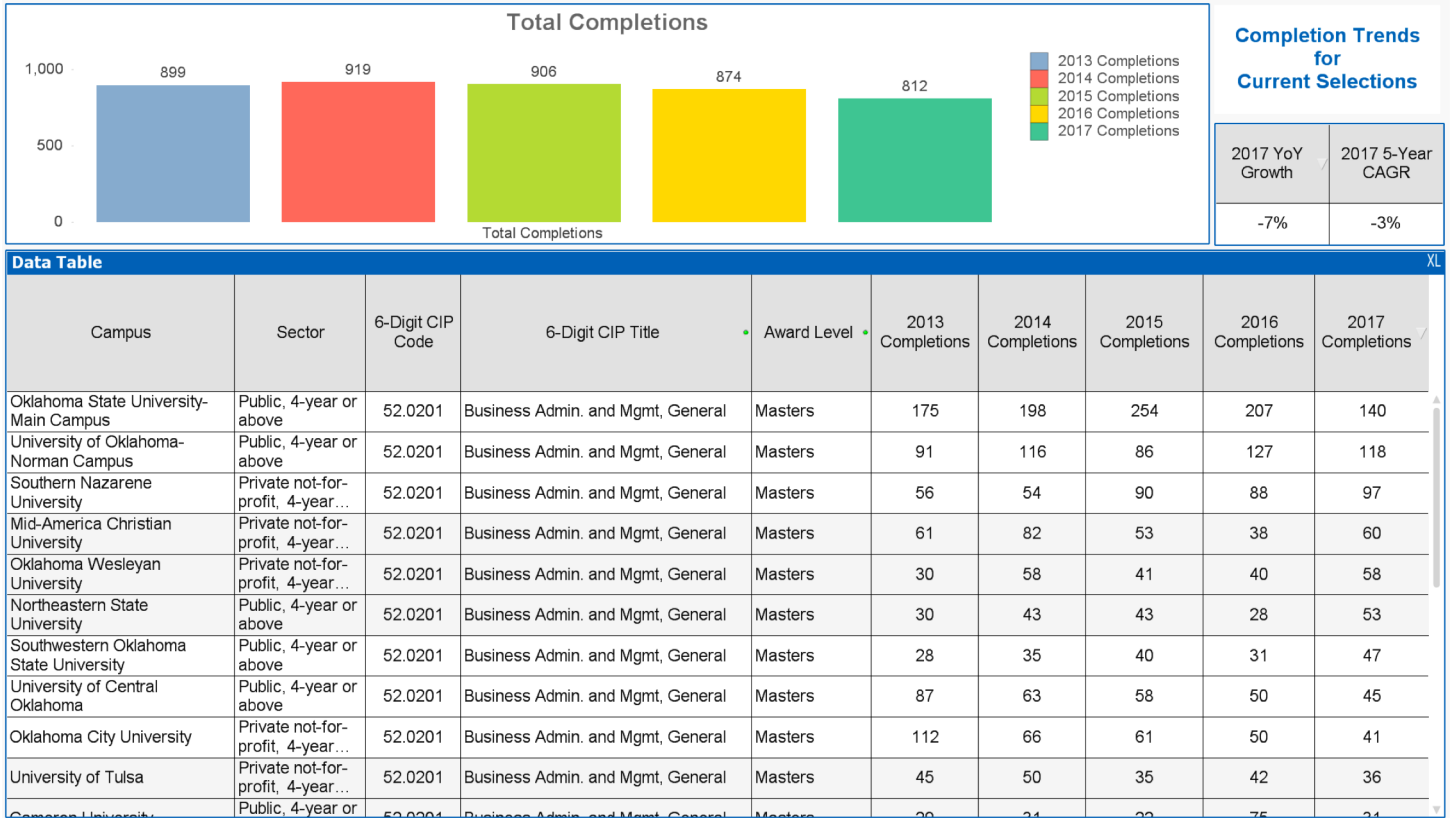
\*\* - Color scale in reverse.

NA - No data available/not currently tracked.

2-Yr - Associates & certificate programs only.



## Competition: MBA




## Program Scorecard: Business, Other Master's

### Program Scorecard: 52.0299 - Business Admin/Mgmt/Oper., Other

GRAYASSOCIATES

Overall Score 19

Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total	Category	Criterion	Value	Score	Total		
Inquiries	Total	6	5	10	Job Postings* 	Job Postings	400	3	9		
	Online	0				JP w/ EDU	231				
	Unit Change	4	0			% JP HS	49%				
	% Change	200.0%	1			% JP AA	5%				
	Certificate	0.0%				% JP BA	40%				
	Associates	0.0%				% JP MA	5%				
	Bachelors	0.0%				% JP Doc	2%				
	Masters	100.0%				Unit Change	-10	-1			
	Doctoral	0.0%				% Change	-2.4%	0			
Google Search*	Total	NA	0		BLS*	JP Per Grad*	7.8	1			
	Unit Change	NA	0			Total	3,369	3			
	% Change	NA	0			Job Openings	81	1			
Completions	Total	35	5			CAGR	1.7%	-1			
	Unit Change	-6	-1			Wages		0			
	% Change	-15%	0			Nat'I ACS Wage (Bachelors)	Age < 30	\$42,369	0		
Institutions	Total**	3	0		Nat'I GE (2-Yr)	Age 30-60	\$81,050	3			
	YoY Change**	0	0			Wages	NA	0			
	Cost Per Inquiry	Average**	\$30	1	Placement Rates	Certificate					
Market Saturation	Completions Per Capita**	0.04	2	Associates			0				
Google Search*	Cost Per Click**	NA	0	National Percent of Workforce	No College	0%	0	0			
	Comp. Index**	NA	0		Certificate	0%	0				
	Program Size	Average	12		0	Associates	0%		0		
Median		1	-2		Bachelors	0%	0				
Unit Change		-1	0	Graduate	0%	0					
% Change		-50%	-1	Certificate	0%	0					
National Distance Education Competition	DE Institutions**	57		Percent of All Completions	Associates	0%	0				
	% of Institutions	53%	0		Bachelors	31%	0				
	DE Completions**	3,792			Masters	69%	0				
	% of Completions	65%	0		Doctoral	0%					
Percentiles:	< 40%	40%+	70%+	90%+	95%+	98%+	NHEBI National 2-Yr	Cost Index**	0.74	0	
								Stu:Faculty Index**	1.19	0	

\* - Google search, employment data and IPG Ratio do not filter by award level

\* - Google search, employment data and JPG Ratio do not filter by award level.

\*\* - Color scale in reverse.

NA - No data available/not currently tracked.

2-Yr - Associates & certificate programs only.

## Competition: Business, Other Master's

